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Agenda for a meeting of the Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee to be held on Wednesday, 17 January 2018 at 4.30 pm in Committee Room 1 - City Hall, Bradford

Members of the Committee – Councillors				
CONSERVATIVE	LABOUR	LIBERAL DEMOCRAT AND INDEPENDENT	INDEPENDENT	
D Smith M Pollard	Engel Mullaney Peart Shaheen Tait	Ward	Sajawal	

Alternates:

CONSERVATIVE	LABOUR	LIBERAL DEMOCRAT AND INDEPENDENT
Rickard Riaz	Akhtar Bacon Abid Hussain Thirkill Sharp	J Sunderland

VOTING CO-OPTED MEMBERS:

Sidiq Ali
Claire Parr
Cloyce Simpson
Gull Hussain

Parent Governor Representative
Church Representative (RC)
Church Representative (CE)
Parent Governor Representative

NON VOTING CO-OPTED MEMBERS

Kerr Kennedy Voluntary Sector Representative

Tom Bright Teachers Secondary School Representative Irene Docherty Teachers Special School Representative

Notes:

- This agenda can be made available in Braille, large print or tape format on request by contacting the Agenda contact shown below.
- The taking of photographs, filming and sound recording of the meeting is allowed except if Councillors vote to exclude the public to discuss confidential matters covered by Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972. Recording activity should be respectful to the conduct of the meeting and behaviour that disrupts the meeting (such as oral commentary) will not be permitted. Anyone attending the meeting who wishes to record or film the meeting's proceedings is advised to liaise with the Agenda Contact who will provide guidance and ensure that any necessary arrangements are in place. Those present who are invited to make spoken contributions to the meeting should be aware that they may be filmed or sound recorded.
- If any further information is required about any item on this agenda, please contact the officer named at the foot of that agenda item.

To:

From:

Parveen Akhtar City Solicitor

Agenda Contact: Fatima Butt / Jill Bell Phone: 01274 432227/434580

E-Mail: fatima.butt@bradford.gov.uk / jill.bell@bradford.gov.uk

A. PROCEDURAL ITEMS

1. ALTERNATE MEMBERS (Standing Order 34)

The City Solicitor will report the names of alternate Members who are attending the meeting in place of appointed Members.

2. DISCLOSURES OF INTEREST

(Members Code of Conduct - Part 4A of the Constitution)

To receive disclosures of interests from members and co-opted members on matters to be considered at the meeting. The disclosure must include the nature of the interest.

An interest must also be disclosed in the meeting when it becomes apparent to the member during the meeting.

Notes:

- (1) Members may remain in the meeting and take part fully in discussion and voting unless the interest is a disclosable pecuniary interest or an interest which the Member feels would call into question their compliance with the wider principles set out in the Code of Conduct. Disclosable pecuniary interests relate to the Member concerned or their spouse/partner.
- (2) Members in arrears of Council Tax by more than two months must not vote in decisions on, or which might affect, budget calculations, and must disclose at the meeting that this restriction applies to them. A failure to comply with these requirements is a criminal offence under section 106 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992.
- (3) Members are also welcome to disclose interests which are not disclosable pecuniary interests but which they consider should be made in the interest of clarity.
- (4) Officers must disclose interests in accordance with Council Standing Order 44.

3. MINUTES

Recommended -

That the minutes of the meetings held on 22 November and 13 December 2017 be signed as a correct record (previously circulated).

4. INSPECTION OF REPORTS AND BACKGROUND PAPERS

(Access to Information Procedure Rules – Part 3B of the Constitution)

Reports and background papers for agenda items may be inspected by contacting the person shown after each agenda item. Certain reports and background papers may be restricted.

Any request to remove the restriction on a report or background paper should be made to the relevant Strategic Director or Assistant Director whose name is shown on the front page of the report.

If that request is refused, there is a right of appeal to this meeting.

Please contact the officer shown below in advance of the meeting if you wish to appeal.

(Jill Bell - 01274 434580)

5. REFERRALS TO THE OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

To receive referrals made to this Committee up to and including the date of publication of this agenda.

The Committee is asked to note the referrals listed above and decide how it wishes to proceed, for example by incorporating the item into the work programme, requesting that it be subject to more detailed examination, or refer it to an appropriate Working Group/Committee.

B. OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY ACTIVITIES

6. SCHOOLS FORUM UPDATE

1 - 8

Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee has asked for regular updates on the work of Bradford's Schools Forum.

The last update was presented to the Committee on 22 November 2017. The Schools Forum has met twice since on 6 December 2017 and 10 January 2018. The decisions lists from these meetings are attached at Appendices 1 and 2 to the report of the Director of Children's Services (**Document "V"**). Due to the timing for publication of this report Appendix 2 will be circulated to Members following its initial publication and further key messages on will be reported verbally directly to the meeting.

The Schools Forum has made its recommendations on the allocation of the 2018/19 Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) on 10 January. These recommendations will be presented to the Executive and then to full Council for final decisions on 22 February 2018.

Recommended -

Committee Members are asked to consider and to note the information provided in Document "V".

(Andrew Redding – 01274 432678)

7. RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF TEACHERS IN THE BRADFORD DISTRICT

9 - 20

The shortage of teachers is a continuing challenge for the education sector in England, particularly in certain subjects and regions. Bradford has no more nor less an issue than the national picture. However, Bradford has been the first local authority to commission a designated post to address these concerns at a district level. This model is now being replicated in other authorities due the publicly acknowledged success of the Bradford campaign to date.

The report of the Director of Children's Services (**Document "W"**) will advise members how the Recruitment & Retention Strategy Manager is addressing the key issues, progress to date and next steps as the project comes to an end in August 18.

Recommended -

That the Committee comments on Document "W".

(Judith Kirk – 01274 439255)

8. CHILDREN'S SERVICES BUDGET PROPOSALS

21 - 34

The report of the Director of Children's Services (**Document "X"**) provides information on the Children's Services budget proposals for 2018-19 and 2019-20.

Recommended -

That the Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee note the details of the budget saving proposals for 2018-19 and 2019-20.

(Michael Jameson – 01274 431266)

9. PREVENTION AND EARLY HELP - A PROPOSED NEW MODEL TO SUPPORT FAMILIES AND COMMUNITIES FOR THE FUTURE, INCLUDING PROPOSED CHANGES TO HOW WE PROVIDE THE CHILDREN'S CENTRE CORE OFFER ACROSS THE DISTRICT

The report of the Director of Children's Services (**Document "Y"**) highlights the progress the Council and partners have made in bringing together existing arrangements for early help and early years services.

The Council is facing unprecedented pressure on its budgets whilst the demand and costs for services are rising. Government cuts mean that the resources we will have to spend on Prevention and Early Help will reduce by £13.3m or more than one third, from £37.1m in 2016/17 to £23.8m in 2020. These cuts are in addition to the ones the Council has already had to make. It means that from 2010 to 2020, the overall funding the Council has available will have halved whilst demand and costs are increasing.

We will only ensure babies, children and young people have a great start and better life chances if we draw on the energy, experience and effort of the whole system, particularly the strengths and assets within families themselves and local communities.

The report outlines the need for proposed changes to how we deliver services in order to ensure we target resources at a time of increasing demand to avoid a detrimental impact on outcomes to children. We cannot continue to deliver services in the way we do now with this level of government cuts. The focus will be on a proposed partnership approach which is more targeted to improve outcomes and reduce inequalities for children and young people across the District.

On the 7 November 2017, Executive was asked to approve a period of consultation on a proposed new Prevention and Early Help delivery model. Committee is asked to consider and comment on the report as part of formal consultation.

Recommended -

- (1) That Committee notes formal consultation is underway from 15 November 2017 until 12 February 2018 with all interested parties as outlined in Appendix 12. This has included reports to Area Committees
- (2) Consider and comment on the report
- (3) Note that Executive will receive a further report in April 2018 following formal consultation

(Judith Kirk – 01274 431078)

10. CHILDREN'S SERVICES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 99 - 102 WORK PROGRAMME 2017-18

The report of the Chair (**Document "Z"**) presents the Committee's Work Programme 2017-18.

Recommended -

That the Work Programme continues to be regularly reviewed during the year.

(Licia Woodhead – 01274 432119)

THIS AGENDA AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS HAVE BEEN PRODUCED, WHEREVER POSSIBLE, ON RECYCLED PAPER



Report of the Director of Children's Services to the meeting of the Children's Services Overview & Scrutiny Committee to be held on 17 January 2018.

V

Subject:

Schools Forum Update

Summary statement:

Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee has asked for regular updates on the work of Bradford's Schools Forum.

Michael Jameson Strategic Director, Children's Services **Portfolio:**

Education, Employment and Skills

Report Contact: Andrew Redding,

Business Advisor (Schools) Phone: (01274) 432678

Children's Services

Overview & Scrutiny Area:

E-mail: andrew.redding@bradford.gov.uk

1. SUMMARY

- 1.1 The Committee has asked for regular updates to be provided on the work of the Schools Forum.
- 1.2 The last update was presented to the Committee on 22 November 2017. The Schools Forum has met twice since on 6 December 2017 and 10 January 2018. The decisions lists from these meetings are attached at Appendices 1 and 2. Due to the timing for publication of this report Appendix 2 will be circulated to Members following its initial publication and further key messages on will be reported verbally directly to the meeting.
- 1.3 The Schools Forum has made its recommendations on the allocation of the 2018/19 Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) on 10 January. These recommendations will be presented to the Executive and then to full Council for final decisions on 22 February 2018.

2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 Under national Regulations, every local authority is required to operate a Schools Forum. The primary function of a Schools Forum is to recommend to the Council's Executive Committee how the funding, which the Government provides for schools and individual pupils (known as the Dedicated Schools Grant), is managed. The Forum also has some specific technical decision making powers. The DfE has stressed that it is essential that Forum membership arrangements keep pace with the changing landscape, in particular the conversion of maintained schools to academy status. The Forum must consider annually how best to provide for responsive arrangements, to ensure the Forum remains representative and to avoid any unintended bias towards any one phase.
- 2.2 33 maintained schools converted to academy status between 1 September 2016 and 1 September 2017. A further 2 schools converted on 1 October and 1 on 1 December 2017. We now have 82 primary / secondary academies and 107 primary / secondary maintained schools. The composition of the Schools Forum has been reviewed in the light of the number of pupils in maintained and academy settings. There are currently 13 academy members on Bradford's Schools Forum, alongside 14 representatives of maintained schools.
- 2.3 The Schools Forum meets every half term with an additional meeting in the autumn.

3. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 Please see especially Appendix 2 (decisions list from the 10 January Schools Forum meeting), which lists the recommendations that have been made on the allocation of the 2018/19 DSG.

4. FINANCIAL & RESOURCE APPRAISAL

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE ISSUES

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

6. LEGAL APPRAISAL

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

7. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

7.1 EQUALITY & DIVERSITY

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

7.2 SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

7.3 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACTS

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

7.4 COMMUNITY SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

7.5 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

7.6 TRADE UNION

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

7.7 WARD IMPLICATIONS

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

8. NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS

None

9. OPTIONS

Not applicable – this is an update for information.

10. RECOMMENDATIONS

10.1 Committee Members are asked to consider and to note the information provided in this update.

11. APPENDICES

Appendix 1 – Schools Forum meeting 6 December 2017 Decisions List Appendix 2 – Schools Forum meeting 10 January 2018 Decisions List – to be circulated when available

12. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

None



DECISIONS OF THE SCHOOLS FORUM HELD ON WEDNESDAY 6 DECEMBER 2017

Appendix 1

DECISIONS:

1. MATTERS RAISED BY SCHOOLS

- (1) That the Chair discusses with officers the DOCAS matter raised by an Academy Member at the meeting with a view to assessing whether this should be further considered by the Schools Forum.
- (2) That the communication from Haworth Primary Academy regarding the High Needs Block funding model be noted.
- (3) That the Forum receives a report from the Headteacher of the Virtual School (Children Looked After), the details of which are recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

2. STANDING ITEM - DSG GROWTH FUND ALLOCATIONS

No resolution was passed on this item.

3. THE AUTUMN SPENDING REVIEW & NATIONAL FUNDING FORMULA

No resolution was passed on this item.

4. 2017/18 DSG SPENDING POSITION AND ONE OFF MONIES

That a report be presented to the 10 January meeting, which re-states for Members the discussions that took place in agreeing the allocation of growth financial support to Beckfoot Upper Heaton Academy, and which sets out the value for money basis of this agreement.

LEAD: Business Advisor (Schools)

5. 2018/19 DSG UPDATE

No resolution was passed on this item.





6. CONSULTATION OUTCOMES - PRIMARY AND SECONDARY FORMULAE

That the analysis of the consultation responses be noted. No further resolution was passed on this item.

7. CONSULTATION OUTCOMES - EARLY YEARS SINGLE FUNDING FORMULA 2018/19

That the analysis of the consultation responses be noted. No further resolution was passed on this item.

8. CONSULTATION OUTCOMES - FUNDING HIGH NEEDS 2018/19

Resolved -

- (1) That the analysis of the consultation responses be noted.
- (2) That the SEND / SEMH presentation to the Forum on 10 January:
 - a. references how the Authority's Early Help strategy, capital investment plan and home to school transport policy supports the successful delivery of structural change to the High Needs Block.
 - b. explains further what is proposed in outline regarding the development of a local exclusions agreement in the primary phase.
 - c. provides further information on how the Authority's place growths plan sits against the most up to do demographic and need data.
- (3) That the Strategic Director, Children's Services, be asked to comment on the Authority's capacity to deliver the identified High Needs Block structural change.

LEAD: SEN Strategic Manager

9. INDICATIVE BUDGETS 2018/19 PRIMARY & SECONDARY SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES

No resolution was passed on this item.

- 10. CENTRAL SCHOOLS, EARLY YEARS & DE-DELEGATED SCHOOLS BLOCK FUNDS
- (1) That a cost vs. benefit analysis for the DSG's funded schools Trade Union Facilities Time be presented.
- (2) That further information is provided for the 10 January on the number of schools and academies that currently access places in the primary behaviour centres (to be incorporated into the SEND / SEMH presentation).

LEAD: Business Advisor (Schools)

11. OTHER SCHOOLS FORUM STANDING ITEMS

That the information provided be noted.

12. ANY OTHER BUSINESS (AOB)

No resolution was passed on this item.

13. DATE OF NEXT MEETING

The next meeting of the Schools Forum is Wednesday 10 January 2018.

FROM: Parveen Akhtar

City Solicitor

City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council

Contact Asad Shah: 01274 432280

Committee Secretariat

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DECISIONS OF THE SCHOOLS FORUM HELD ON WEDNESDAY 10 JANUARY 2018

These decisions are published for information in advance of the publication of the Minutes

DECISIONS: Appendix 2

1. MATTERS RAISED BY SCHOOLS

No resolution was passed on this item.

2. STANDING ITEM - DSG GROWTH FUND ALLOCATIONS

No resolution was passed on this item.

3. SEND REVIEW CONSULTATION & WIDER SEMH REVIEW

Resolved – That information be presented to the Schools Forum at the next meeting in response to the requests and comments made by Members that are recorded in the minutes of this meeting following the presentation on the SEND and SEMH reviews given under agenda item 6.

4. UPDATE ON THE 2018/19 DSG FUNDING POSITION

Resolved – That the information contained in Document II be noted.

5. UPDATE 2017/18 CENTRALLY MANAGED FUNDS SPENDING POSITION

Resolved – That the information contained in Document IJ be noted.

6. CENTRALLY MANAGED AND DE-DELEGATED FUNDS 2018/19

Resolved – That the information contained in Document IK be noted.





7. INDICATIVE DELEGATED BUDGETS 2018/19

Resolved -

- (1) That the information contained in Document IL be noted.
- (2) That further consideration is given to the relationship between DSG Growth Funding and ESFA Post 16 funding, and the knock on financial implications, where secondary schools and academies close their Post 16 provisions and increase their pre-16 numbers. This is with particular reference to the difference between the lagged Post 16 funding methodology and the funding of pre-16 provision in 'real time'.
- (3) That information is provided to the next meeting on the Local Authority's monitoring framework in place to ensure compliance with the post 16 participation legislation.
- (4) That schools and academies are reminded to check the accuracy of their ever 6 FSM data to be recorded within their January 2018 Census returns.
- 8. FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS 2018/19 FINANCIAL YEAR DEDICATED SCHOOLS GRANT (DSG)
- 1. SCHOOLS & EARLY YEARS BLOCKS "DE-DELEGATED ITEMS" 2018/19

Document IK, Appendices 1 – 3.

Resolved -

- 1.1 Schools Members representing maintained schools agreed the values of dedelegated funds on a phase specific basis:
- a) ESBD School Support (Primary only): agreed to cease de-delegation at 31 August 2018 providing for a de-delegated fund for 5/12ths on the same £app basis as in 2017/18.
- b) School Re-Organisation Costs (Safeguarded Salaries) (Primary & Secondary): agreed to continue de-delegation from both the primary and secondary phases for the actual cost of continuing safeguarded salaries.
- c) School Re-Organisation Costs (Sponsored conversions budget deficits) (Primary only): agreed to de-delegate from the primary phase at the 2017/18 per pupil value. The Schools Forum to be provided with monitoring reports where this provision is used.
- d) Exceptional Costs & Schools in Financial Difficulty (Primary only): agreed to continue de-delegation from the primary phase at the 2017/18 per pupil value.
- e) Costs of FSM Eligibility Assessments (Primary & Secondary): agreed to continue de-delegation from both the primary and secondary phases at the 2017/18 per FSM values, with contributions taken using FSM Ever 6 data.
- f) Fisher Family Trust (Primary only): agreed to continue de-delegation from the primary phase, recovering the cash value to match cost. The secondary phase

and all primary academies will be invited to subscribe through the Local Authority (paying for this from their delegated budgets).

- g) Trade Union Facilities Time Negotiator Time (All Phases): agreed to continue de-delegation from the early years, primary and secondary phases at the 2017/18 per pupil values. Referencing the identified review, the Forum is to be presented with a detailed benefit vs. cost analysis, which will inform the Forum's view about arrangements going forward. The implementation of any amendments, and budget implications, if recommended by the Forum, will need to be discussed further.
- h) Trade Union Facilities Time Health and Safety Time (All Phases): agreed to continue de-delegation from the early years, primary and secondary phases at the 2017/18 per pupil values. Referencing the identified review, the Forum is to be presented with a detailed benefit vs. cost analysis, which will inform the Forum's view about arrangements going forward. The implementation of any amendments, and budget implications, if recommended by the Forum, will need to be discussed further.
- i) School Maternity / Paternity 'insurance' fund: agreed to continue de-delegation from early years (nursery schools) and primary phases at a value forecasted to afford the scheme for a full year.
- j) School Staff Public Duties and Suspensions Fund: agreed to continue dedelegation from the early years (nursery schools) and primary phases for a full year on the same total £app basis as 2017/18.
- 1.2 Schools Members representing maintained schools agreed the principles behind the management of the de-delegated funds listed in paragraph 1.1:
- k) Any over or under spending against these funds will be written off from, or added back to, the DSG's de-delegated funds in 2019/20 on a phase specific, fund specific, basis i.e. if primary schools overspend in the maternity / paternity insurance scheme fund the value of the fund created through de-delegation in 2019/20 will need to compensate for this.
- I) These decisions set the position for the 2018/19 financial year only.
- m) That the relevant funds will be allocated according to the criteria set out in the autumn 2017 consultation.

SCHOOLS BLOCK - GROWTH FUND 2018/19

Document IK Appendix 1 and Document IM Appendix 1.

All Schools and Academies Forum Members by consensus agreed:

- 2.1 The allocations from the Schools Block Growth Fund listed in Document IM Appendix 1 for existing expansions and bulge classes.
- 2.2 A planned budget of £1,014,000 within the Schools Block for in year growth allocations. This planned budget is split £314,000 Primary and £700,000 Secondary. All new in year allocations from the Growth Fund will be agreed by the Forum prior to confirmation with the receiving school (a requirement of the Regulations). Growth Fund allocations will continue standing Forum agenda item to enable

this.

2.3 To use the criteria for the allocation of the Schools Block Growth Fund in 2018/19 as set out in the autumn 2017 consultation document, which are the criteria used in 2017/18. Allocations will be calculated on base £app values under national funding formula.

3. THE CENTRAL SCHOOLS BLOCK 2018/19

Document IK Appendix 1.

All Forum Members by consensus agreed:

- 3.1 The allocation of the Central Schools Block:
- a) Schools Forum Costs: agreed to continue at the value of £10,000.
- b) School Admissions: agreed to continue at the 2017/18 value of £577,600 plus an additional £2,500 for the DfE's specific addition to the Central Schools Block for year 9 admissions responsibilities.
- c) Education Services Grant Centrally Retained Duties: agreed to continue to passport to the Local Authority's budget a value of £1,331,086 for the former ESG Centrally Retained Duties Grant (transferred into the DSG at April 2017) in support of the statutory duties delivered by the Local Authority on behalf of all state funded schools and academies.
- d) DSG Matched Contribution to School Improvement (historic commitment): agreed to retain the benefit of the DfE's one off funding, in 2018/19 only, of the historic commitment of £439,729 within the Central Schools Block to enable the transfer of current High Needs Block funded activity as set out below.
- e) Central Schools Block Headroom to enable the transfer of High Needs Block activities: agreed that this headroom, £574,880, is allocated to enable the transfer of the majority of budgets that are currently met by the High Needs Block where the nature of the expenditure is covered by the Regulations, which govern the purposes for which Central Schools Block monies can be used i.e. statutory and regulatory duties for all maintained schools and academies regarding the exclusions of pupils and school attendance. The budgets are: Youth Offending (£47,000); Behaviour Support (£160,000), ESBD Statutory Functions (£192,000) and Travellers Children (£389,000). A balance of £213,120 of these funds remains funded by the High Needs Block in 2018/19.

For information only - the cost of copyright licences for primary and secondary schools and academies is met from the Central Schools Block. This is not a matter for decision for the Schools Forum as the DfE negotiates the price and top-slices our DSG. The costs for early years and high needs providers are charged within our model to the respective blocks.

4. THE HIGH NEEDS BLOCK 2018/19

Document IM Appendix 3, Document II, Document IL Appendix 3.

- 4.1 Make financial provision for the allocation of places in Bradford-located settings that is presented in Document IM Appendix 3.
- 4.2 Forecast spending on the basis that the SEND Review, as outlined in the presentation made under agenda item 6, and subject to the outcomes of consultation, will reduce direct spending on services within the High Needs Block by £0.8m (part year impact from 1 September 2018) and will increase spending on Early Years DSP places by £0.6m in 2018/19. This forecast may be amended by the final decisions on the SEND review, which will be taken following the current consultation.
- 4.3 Retain the existing structure of the High Needs Block Place-Plus Funding Model with the amendments set out in the autumn 2017 consultation:
- a) The cessation, from 1 September 2018, of the High Needs Block's direct funding of Top Up (the Plus element) for the placement of pupils in alternative provision settings without EHCPs that remain on the roll of mainstream schools. The settings within the scope of this amendment are the primary behaviour centres and Bradford Central PRU. At 1 September 2018, the place-funding value of these settings is confirmed at £10,000.
- b) The full establishment of Bradford's Place-Plus model for the funding of early years DSP provision, replacing previous temporary methodologies that have been in place for the funding of Children's Centre Plus provisions.
- 4.4 Support the Authority's work towards the cessation of the High Needs Block's direct funding of Top Up (the Plus element) for the placement of pupils in District PRU. This proposal is captured within the wider SEMH review. The Forum will continue to receive updates on the SEMH review and on the development of this proposal specifically.
- 4.5 Protect SEN Floor allocations for mainstream primary and secondary schools and academies at their 2017/18 financial year values i.e. schools and academies currently in receipt of the SEN Funding Floor will not receive less via this factor in 2018/19 than they did in 2017/18.
- 4.6 Support meeting the funding gap in the overall High Needs Block in 2018/19, and to support control of the growth of top up costs going forward, by reducing the rates of Top Up in the HNB Funding Model for all Place-Plus calculated budgets by 1.5% with the values of Top Up for each Range reduced by this %. This sets the Minimum Funding Guarantee for special schools at between 0% and -1.5% (understanding that the value per place in special schools is retained at £10,000).
- 4.7 With reference to the currently projected over spending in the High Needs Block in 2018/19, that Forum Members note that:
- there are mitigating factors (that may deliver further savings) but also that there
 are risks of additional spending & savings not being realised as forecasted.
- the majority of the High Needs Block's reserve may need to be deployed in 2018/19.
- the High Needs Block may hold a cumulative deficit balance at the end of 2018/19.
- 4.8 With reference to the projected over spending within the High Needs Block in 2018/19, that Forum Members note the Strategic Director of Corporate Services' (Section 151 Officer's) assessment Palothel Blanned DSG allocation, which is

recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

4.9 The position of the High Needs Block be closely monitored and regularly considered by Forum during 2018.

5. THE ALLOCATION OF ONE OFF MONIES (DSG UNDERSPEND)

As highlighted in Document IJ.

All Forum Members by consensus agreed:

- 5.1 That the £2.989m within the Schools Block continues to be committed by previous decisions taken by the Schools Forum:
 - a. Growth Fund Financial Support for Beckfoot Upper Heaton Academy £2.339m
 - b. Deficit of a Secondary School Converting to Academy Status £0.650m
- 5.2 The retention of Schools Block under spend, as set out in Document IJ, as follows:
 - £0.716m retained for the purposes of supporting Growth Fund costs especially for the costs following the establishment of new free school provision anticipated during 2019/20.
 - £0.979m retained as reserve.
- 5.3 The allocation & retention of Early Years Block under spend, as set out in Document IJ, as follows:
 - £0.606m, estimated, allocated into the 3&4 year old Early Years Single Funding Formula in 2018/19 to uplift the universal setting base rate by £0.09 to £4.12 per hour.
 - £0.606m, estimated, retained to be allocated into the 3&4 year old Early Years Single Funding Formula in 2019/20 to uplift the universal setting base rate by an estimated £0.09 to £4.11 per hour.
 - £0.311m retained as reserve.
- 5.4 The allocation & retention of High Needs Block under spend, as set out in Document IJ, as follows:
 - £0.521m, representing the value of one off monies allocated by the Forum into the 2017/18 planned DSG allocation (under option 4 January 2017), continued to be allocated in 2018/19. This reduces the forecasted overspending from £1.974m to £1.453m.
 - £1.110m retained at this stage and earmarked to be allocated to balance the 2018/19 High Needs Block should this Block be overspent at the end of the financial year.

6. EARLY YEARS FORMULA FUNDING AND PRO-FORMA 2018/19

Document IL Appendix 5, Document IM Appendix 4 and Document IL Appendices 2a, 2b, 2c.

Schools and Academies Members (by consensus on a phase specific basis) agreed:

- 6.1 The structure of the Early Years Single Funding Formula (EYSFF), the detailed workings of which were set out in the Technical Statement, which formed part of the autumn 2017 consultation documentation, with the amendment to the proposal to adopt a monthly starters and leavers counting arrangement (set out in Document IM Appendix 4). In summary, to:
- a) Continue the policy of ring-fencing of the Early Years Block.
- b) Use the current technical, administrative, payment and counting arrangements, and timetable, as set out in the current 2017/18 Technical Statement i.e. retain the current termly headcount basis for the formula rather than moving, as originally proposed, to monthly starters and leavers counting.
- c) Simplify the processes for PVI providers, which will include no longer publishing a 'hard copy' pre-calculated Confirmed Indicative Budget for PVI providers in March. Instead, we will begin monthly payments based on the latest confirmed position and we will enable providers to use a ready reckoner to estimate funding.
- d) Continue to pass through the DSG funding rate for:
 - The 2 year old free entitlement. This will be £5.20 per hour and is the same rate as 2017/18. The simple universal rate of funding per hour for all types of provider, without supplement, will be retained.
 - The Early Years Pupil Premium (required by Regulations)
 - The Disability Access Fund (required by Regulations)
- e) Continue & increase the Early Years Block's contribution to Early Years SEN Inclusion funds. Early Years Inclusion monies to be 100% funded from the Early Years Block from 1 April 2018. The 2018/19 value of the fund will be £800,000.
- f) Establish a Universal Base Rate for the 3 & 4 year old offer, as required by the DfE, with this overridden for:
 - Nursery Schools with the allocation of the specific Maintained Nursery School factor, meaning that the funding rates for each nursery school (base and deprivation) will continue to be retained at their 2016/17 values.
 - PVI providers and nursery classes through the allocation of additional one off monies on a transitional / temporary basis. PVI providers and nursery classes will be funded at the same enhanced base rate value.
- g) Continue the nursery school sustainability lump sum supplement using the current methodology, which now brings the 30 hours extended entitlement into the calculation.

- h) Continue our current deprivation supplement within the 3&4 year old EYSFF, using the 3 year average of Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) data, calculated at 9.5% of EYSFF (excluding one off monies).
- i) Not introduce any further supplements in 2018/19. To keep this position under review.
- j) Continue to charge the Early Years Block, on a pro-rata basis, for the cost of copyright licences. The 2018/19 value is £34,374.

7. PRIMARY AND SECONDARY FORMULA FUNDING AND PRO-FORMA 2018/19

Document IL Appendix 4, Document IM Appendix 2 and Document IL Appendices 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d and 1e.

Schools and Academies Members (by consensus on a phase specific basis) agreed:

- 7.1 The structure of the Primary & Secondary Funding Formula, the detailed workings of which are set out in the Pro-Forma Document IL Appendix 4. In summary, to:
- a) 'Move to National Funding Formula' (NFF) at April 2018, thereby using the NFF announced on 14 September 2017 to calculate individual formula funding budget shares for both the primary and secondary phases.
- b) Set the value of Minimum Funding Guarantee (MFG) at + 0.4%.
- c) Set the value of the Ceiling at + 3% per pupil (+ 3.0% cap, 100% scaling).
- d) Fully implement the £3,500 (primary), £4,800 (secondary) and £4,042 (all-through) minimums for eligible schools, discounting Building Schools for the Future and Business Rates from the calculation of these minimums.
- e) Continue our current formulae for the allocation of both split sites and pupil mobility.
- f) Continue to pass through the specific BSF DSG affordability gap values using our current method but with an adjustment to ensure that the amounts passed on to academies by the ESFA on an academic year basis are equivalent to the amounts that the Authority requires academies to pay back on a financial year basis.
- g) Calculate notional SEN for primary and secondary schools and academies on the basis set out in the autumn 2017 consultation (allowing the impact of national funding formula to flow into this). To benchmark our approach against that in other authorities under NFF, using the 2018/19 pro-forma information, to determine how our notional SEN calculation should develop from April 2019.
- 7.2 The value of the DSG's contribution to the Building Schools for the Future affordability gap for 2018/19 set at £6,969,574, which is the 2017/18 value plus an estimated 3.8% RPIX and adjusted for 7.1 g) above. This contribution will be split between relevant schools and academies on the same % basis as in 2017/18 (based on the school's unitary charge value). For Secondary schools and academies, this contribution is expresses as a formpla factor. For Special schools and academies,

this contribution is managed as a central item within the High Needs Block.

For Information – please note that the cost of business rates shown in the Pro-forma is still estimated and is subject to change during the year, including following the conversion of maintained schools to academy status.

9. ANY OTHER BUSINESS (AOB)

No resolution was passed on this item.

10. DATE OF NEXT MEETING

The next meeting of the Schools Forum is Wednesday 17 March 2018.

FROM: Parveen Akhtar (City Solicitor)

City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council

Contact Asad Shah: 01274 432280

Committee Secretariat

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Report of the Director to the meeting of the Children's Services Overview & Scrutiny Committee to be held on 17th January 2018.

W

Subject: Recruitment and retention of teachers in the Bradford District

Summary statement:

The shortage of teachers is a continuing challenge for the education sector in England, particularly in certain subjects and regions. Although the Government recognises that there are issues, it has been unable to address them and consistently fails to meet recruitment targets. We would like to see a long-term, evidence-based plan for how investment will tackle challenges associated with the supply of teachers—particularly focusing on high-needs subjects and regions—including improvements to the Teacher Supply Model.

Recruiting new teachers has consistently been the Government's focus to address shortages. While recruiting sufficient new teachers is, of course, necessary, the Government should place greater emphasis on improving teacher retention. Not only is this a more cost-effective way to tackle some of the issues, but more teachers staying in the profession for longer would strengthen the pool of leadership positions. (House of Commons Education Committee; Recruitment and retention of teachers 21.2.17)

Bradford has no more nor less an issue than the national picture. However, Bradford has been the first local authority to commission a designated post to address these concerns at a district level. This model is now being replicated in other authorities due the publicly acknowledged success of the Bradford campaign to date. The DfE, both 'Teacher supply' and 'Get into Teaching' departments are now interested in the model and work established in Bradford, with a view to potentially expanding to other regions.

The campaign has been featured in national press (TES 24.2.17) and as a news feature on Look North (27.11.17)

Michael Jameson Strategic Director Children's Services Portfolio:

Education, Employment and Skills

Report Contact: Judith Kirk

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irk Overview & Scrutiny Area:

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Children's Services

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1. Summary

- 1.1 Nationally there is increasing evidence of schools facing challenges in teacher recruitment and retention just as the number of pupils and the demand for new teachers begins to increase sharply. In the academic year 15-16 Bradford 58% of primary schools and 63% of secondary schools were facing recruitment issues due to smaller numbers of applicants, quality of applicants especially NQTs and specific subject specialism shortage, especially within the secondary sector in STEM and English. These figures are not uniform across the district with inner city areas far more subject to recruitment issues than outer areas. Likewise, schools with Ofsted ratings of inadequate (Special measures or serious weaknesses) or Requires Improvement (R.I) report facing recruitment issues more than schools classified as Good or Outstanding. (Bradford Survey findings June 2015)
- 1.2 As there was no historical data on the retention of teachers at a neither regional nor subject level, only national benchmarks gained from workforce census; this has been rectified in our District. A data collection system of teachers' employment length and career trajectory within our district has been set up, enabling much more detailed analysis of areas of need which will now ensure appropriate and timely resources are directed to these.

Nationally, Government data shows that teacher retention rates have remained broadly stable since 2006 but a considerable number of teachers leave the profession within 5 years. However, the National Audit Office (NAO) report that the number of teachers leaving is growing and that between 2011 and 2014, 'the number of teachers leaving rose by 11% overall' (National Audit Office, Training New Teachers, HC 798 Feb 16, p8)

1.3.1 This paper will report on how the Recruitment & Retention Strategy Manager is addressing the key issues, progress to date and next steps as the project comes to an end in August 18.

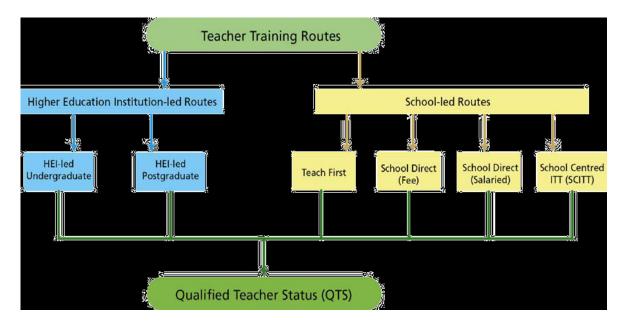
2. Background

2.1 Nationally there is increasing evidence of schools facing challenges in teacher recruitment and retention just as the number of pupils and the demand for new teachers begins to increase sharply. An NUT survey of leadership group members carried out in March 2016 found that nearly three quarters (73%) of school leaders were experiencing difficulties in recruiting teachers, with 61% saying that the situation had got worse (42%) or much worse (19%) over the last year. The greatest problem areas were in Maths (36% of school leaders were struggling to recruit in this area), science (34%) and English (23%).

Martin Thompson of the National Association of School-Based Teacher Trainers (NASBITT) 2017, 'teacher recruitment has been a challenge for probably a number of years, and for three years an increasing challenge, and certainly now I think it is a crisis in some areas'

In 15-16 61% of Bradford schools reported facing recruitment issues (in line with National figures) due to smaller numbers of applicants, quality of applicants especially NQTs and specific subject specialism shortage, especially within the secondary sector in STEM (science, technology, engineering, maths) and English. Due to the work undertaken since, this has improved within the primary & nursery sector to 32% in 2016 (a decrease of 26%) mainly due to the introduction of the Talent Bank and the promotion of the district to over 450 final year trainee teachers. All schools are to be surveyed again Spring 18 for latest figures.

2.2 National Initial Teacher Training (ITT) figures for 2016/17 show a decrease in the overall number of recruits compared with 2015/16, with only 93% of places being filled. The overall contribution to the secondary target was 89%, meaning nearly 2,000 places went unfilled. Since 2015/16, ITT figures have included applicants for Teach First, who were previously excluded from these statistics. This boosted the overall figure for 2016/17 by over 1,000 applicants. Despite the inclusion of Teach First applicants in the ITT statistics, the overall TSM (Teacher Supply Model) target was not met, for the fifth year in a row. Although the demand for teachers nationally is rising, last year the government announced a 15 per cent cut in teacher training places for universities.



Bradford recruits from various providers: HEI (Higher Education Institutions) such as Bradford College, Leeds Beckett and Leeds Trinity as well as, increasingly, through school direct providers or SCITTs (School Centred Initial Teacher Training). With the increase of Teaching Schools in our District, there has been an increase in Page 21

teacher training provision. These include Birth to 19 SCITT, Exceed SCITT and Northern Lights SCITT. There are school direct training places, primary and secondary, also available such as through Beckfoot TSA (Teaching School Alliance) and Dixons Academy Trust and CSP (Catholic Schools Partnership). A number of Bradford primary schools also utilise Educate (based at Pudsey Primrose Hill primary) as a school direct provider and there is provision for the training of special education teachers through Yorkshire Education Partnership. This means that there has been an increase of training places across our District of approximately 50% within the school led system. The majority of trainees from the school direct model then go on to work within our District.

Bradford has been selected, alongside Norfolk, to be a DfE pilot for their new 'Get into Teaching' campaign. The pilot will test whether additional regionalised marketing will boost the number of applications received. The campaign launched in October 2016 where they have implemented activity such as local advertising, outdoor advertising, radio, geo-targeted social media, PR and events. The Recruitment and Retention Strategy Manager is working closely with this pilot alongside colleagues from our District's TSAs.

- 2.3 DfE figures show that in the 12 months to November 2016 (the most recent year for which statistics are available) over 50,000 qualified teachers in England left the state sector. This equates to one in ten teachers leaving the profession and is the highest number of teachers leaving in the last decade. The number of teachers leaving as a proportion of the total number of teachers in service, known as the 'wastage rate', is nationally 10.5%. The same figures reveal that more than 100,000 potential teachers have never taught, despite finishing their training. The 'wastage rate' in Bradford schools 2015/16 was 14.7%: 485 teachers (including those on the leadership scales) left a Bradford school during the academic year. Whereas, the wastage rate reduced to 12.3% 2016-17.
- 2.4 According to House of Commons Briefing Paper 7222, Teachers: Supply, retention and workload (Feb 16), 49,100 qualified teachers left the state-funded sector in the 12 months to November 2014, a 'wastage rate' of 10.4%. This rate was above equivalent figures for 2013 and 2012 (9.7% and 9.4% respectively). The number of teachers leaving the profession was higher than the number entering for the first time since 2011, although the gap was just 200. In the previous year, around 3,000 more joined the profession than left.

Government intervention to improve the supply of teachers in England has consistently focused on recruitment of new or returning teachers, rather than retention of existing teachers. The NAO reported that "the cost to central government and schools of training new teachers is around £700 million each year". (National Audit Office, Training New Teachers, HC 798 Feb 16, p5). Professor Sir John Holman (President elect, Royal Society of Chemistry) "you can be much more cost effective by improving the retention rate than by having to keep recruiting and training new Page 22

teachers".

The National Foundation for Education Research used the Labour Force Survey to analyse a sample of around 6,900 teachers between 2001 and 2015. It found that, excluding those who retired, 51% of teachers who left state schools left to jobs in the wider school sector. Similarly, it found that, excluding student entrants, 53% of those taking jobs in state schools had previously worked in the wider school sector.

The House of Commons Education Committee 'Recruitment and retention of teachers' 5th report of Session 2016-17 concluded 16 points of action including:

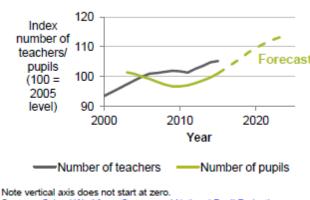
- The Government's lack of a coherent, long-term plan to effectively address the challenges that schools face in teacher shortages, particularly in certain subjects and regions.
- Rising numbers in secondary schools and changes to school accountability
- Failure of the National Teaching Service
- Lack of a central application for school-led ITT and a confusing allocation process
- Need to introduce initiatives to help improve teachers' job satisfaction and enhance retention rather than just a focus on recruitment. E.g. culture of well-being, reduction in workload, more opportunity for high quality CPD relevant to subject specific and career stage
- 2.5 The DfE statistics also highlight the growing number of teaching posts that schools nationally are not able to fill; the number of teaching vacancies in 2014/15 had increased by a third within twelve months. The total number of vacancies was over 1000 in November 2014, whilst in November 2013, this stood at 750. In addition, there were over 3000 temporarily-filled teaching posts in November 2014, and over 20,000 teachers without QTS (qualified teacher status); both figures had substantially increased since the year previous.
 - In Bradford the current position with regards to unfilled vacancies is very low in the primary settings but some of the secondary schools still have issues filling vacancies predominantly in maths and/or science and to a lesser extent, English. Special Education settings and PRUs (Pupil Referral Units) have a much more positive picture. These figures will be one of the key focus questions of the Spring 18 survey.
- 2.6 Nationally, overall pupil numbers in state funded schools, which began to increase in 2011, are projected to continue rising. Between 2015 and 2024 the number of pupils in state-funded primary schools is expected to increase by 8%, or 335,000, and the number in state-funded secondary schools by 20%, or 547,000, to 3.04 million by 2020 and due to peak at 3.33 million in 2025.
 It has been contended that this projected growth in pupil numbers, along with an improving economy creating greater competition for graduates, could increase

pressure on teacher supply. This is particularly the case for certain subjects, including maths, physics, and design and teahnology, and in certain geographic

areas. Questions have also been raised about the additional languages teachers that will be required under the Government's proposals that in time 90% of pupils in mainstream schools should be entered for the English Baccalaureate.

Bradford schools have increased pupil numbers by nearly 8000 pupils within the last 5 years, predominantly within the primary sector and predictions are that by 2021 numbers will further increase by the same amount, with swelling numbers moving into the secondary sector.

Figure 2. More teachers are needed to meet future demand



Sources: School Workforce Census and National Pupil Projections

2.7 Analysis of the Bradford data highlights several areas of interest, as well as signposting the LA to further analysis. Bradford teacher workforce comprised 5,929 teachers, including classroom teachers and those on leadership scales, in 215 schools at December 2017. This analysis covered 141 of those schools (3888 teachers) for which data is available in September 17; 18 schools provided a Nil Return, i.e. no teachers left the school during 2016/17.

Gender: 73% of the teachers leaving Bradford schools were female and 27% male. This is broadly in line with the gender profile of teachers: approximately 75% of teachers are female across all phases.

Age: 53% of the teachers leaving Bradford schools were aged 26 to 35 in 2016/17, reasons included sideways moves within and outside of the district, career progression or promotion, as well as family reasons. Older teachers left for broadly similar reasons with a number choosing to move to supply teaching: 36% of teachers leaving schools were aged 36 to 45, 19% were aged 46 to 55 and 17% were aged 55 or over. Younger female teachers (aged 35 and under) were more likely to leave a school than their male peers but male teachers (aged 36 to 55) were more likely to leave than females in the same age groups.

165 teachers left the profession in 2016/17, which is 4.2% of the Bradford teaching population. In Bradford 2016/17 of all leavers which includes retirement, was 479 teachers (removing those teachers who made promotional or sideways moves within the District), giving a wastage rate of **12.3%- a reduction of 2.4%**

- 2.8 The foci of subsequent analyses of the data available on teachers leaving Bradford schools will be:
- the impact of academisation;
- the impact of a change in Ofsted judgement, in particular a Requires Improvement or inadequate;
- further analysis of demographics, including leavers as a proportion of serving teachers:
- length of time in the profession;
- by area and ward across the district;
- subject specialisms of secondary phase teachers

Sources:

DfE – Statistics: initial teacher training. Available at https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/initial-teacher-training-trainee-number-census-2014-to-2015.

https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/initial-teacher-training-trainee-number-census-2014-to-2015.

DFE – Statistics – national statistics - School Workforce in England: November 2014. Available at https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/school-workforce-in-england-november-2014 (Additional Tables)

TES (2015) 'Six new statistics that suggest teacher shortages are increasing'. Available at: https://www.tes.co.uk/news/school-news/breaking-news/six-new-statistics-suggest-teacher-shortages-are-increasing

House of Commons Briefing Paper 7222 Teachers: Supply, retention and workload (Feb 16) Available at www.parliament.uk/commons-library

NFER Engaging Teachers: NFER Analysis of Teacher Retention (Sep 16) Available at www.nfer.ac.uk

NUT report Teacher Recruitment and Retention (Nov 16) Available at https://www.teachers.org.uk/edufacts/teacher-recruitment-and-retention

House of Commons Education Committee: Recruitment and retention of teachers Fifth Report of Session 2016-17 HC199 (Feb 17) Available at <u>www.parliament.uk/commons-library</u>

3. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 To RECRUIT high quality teachers & leaders to Bradford Schools

Actions of the Recruitment & Retention Strategy Manager to date:

Development of key partnerships with ITE providers: Bradford College, Leeds Universities and various SCITT provision across the District. This has led to Bradford having exclusive access to over 600 graduating teachers. The primary principle is to promote the District as a positive place to begin their career. Over 600 final year students will attend the innovative 'bus tours' devised to 'showcase' the diversity of our Districts schools and promote career potential, including both primary and secondary trainees. These tours involve visiting 3 diverse schools across the district, being led by headteachers or senior leaders and giving trainees an opportunity to talk with NQTs and RQTs as well as senior leaders in an informal

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and supportive context, seeing our children 'in action' and dispelling misconceptions of Bradford as a place to live and work. Feedback has been 100% positive with a significant number of trainees now seeing Bradford as a positive place to begin their career. Case studies available.

These tours are then followed up with 'Journey to your first teaching post' workshops which provide clear guidance and structure to securing a teaching post in Bradford and an invitation to apply for the Bradford Talent Bank.

- Established the 'Bradford Talent bank', providing a 'pre-vet' service through the interviewing of potential NQTs, by experienced Headteachers, who are then 'marketed' to schools using a database. Mutually beneficial, the bank provides comprehensive feedback to candidates on their interview techniques, their application and personal statement. Successful candidates were then 'marketed' to schools, via headteachers, whereby their usual recruitment processes are then followed. This has been in place for 2 years within the primary sector, placing 190 NQTs into schools over this period. The feedback from headteachers has been very positive and this action has reduced the percentage of schools reporting recruitment issues in nursery & primary from 58% to 32%. However, there are still 'mid-year' recruitment issues. Plans are in place to extend this to secondary for Sept 2018 start.
- Extended the Talent Bank to experienced staff and school leaders from both in and out of District who are interested in moving into the area, by actively seeking talent, providing a bespoke recruitment service and matching people to posts now or in the future as well as working collaboratively with alternative models of teacher recruitment- Teach First and Future Leaders trust. 31 people placed in posts to date through this co-ordinated 'pass on' method whereby unsuccessful yet employable candidates are 'passed-on' to other schools in the District looking for staff- keeping talent in Bradford. This process also applies for experienced teachers who are either facing redundancy or are in a position to be seconded to another school in need of their particular skill or experience.
- Worked with and advised Governing Bodies, headteachers and school partnerships on the most successful recruitment practices, processes and policies
- Worked with Governing Bodies to develop executive headteacher agreements securing 6 Executive headteacher partnership agreements to date, all successful headteachers of good or better schools now additionally lead a second school in need of experienced leadership.
- Supported Governing Bodies in drafting of adverts, job descriptions and specifications for leadership posts and help to source headteacher candidates matched to the needs of candidates and schools

- Commissioned the secondary based TSA, Northern Lights, to lead and manage the secondary aspect of recruitment and retention based on the model established. This is being very successfully led by Peter Addison-Child, who has established a well-represented core group of CEOs' driving the project.
- Development of the Bradford Teaching brand and website. Launched 2.11.17 with high profile media. Focuses on 10 secondary ambassadors. Expanding to incorporate 10 primary ambassadors, with launch date 22.2.17



 Exploring and developing an apprenticeship route to teaching- Linking with apprentice partners & ITT providers and working with other settings to establish a set of standards for apprenticeship. Recruitment & Retention strategy manager is on the strategic development group linked with West Yorkshire Combined Authority & Leeds Trinity Uni to frame the apprenticeship offer.

3.2 To RETAIN high quality teachers to Bradford Schools

Actions of the Recruitment & Retention Strategy Manager to date:

- All Bradford schools were surveyed to ascertain the perceived issues with regards to retention across the District. The survey indicated that Bradford is not unique with regards to the retention of teachers. Despite DfE statements, there is a crisis within our profession with an increased number of teachers, including senior leaders, leaving due to significant changes in the demands of workload, increased demands from Ofsted and Governmental changes to curriculum etc.
- Data upon retention nationally and regionally is spurious and not accurately collected. Therefore, have established a data collection process to gather this information termly and have commissioned the services of the Information Management Team (IMT) to collect and analyse each data set on retention as they are returned at the end of each term.
- Developed a consistent LA model for supporting Governing Bodies with the recruitment of senior leaders, providing advice and structures re alternative leadership models including executive headship. The Recruitment & retention strategy manager has supported schools to find their next leader, working alongside Governors and PACT HR to recruit and select. One key aspect of this role is to always be vigilant of raising talent across the District, encouraging Governors and headteachers to spot talent and actively encourage an altruistic approach to career development. Being involved in headteacher and executive headteacher recruitment means that candidateacher tracked and matched to appropriate

schools, encouraged and developed to apply for the 'right' school matched to their skill set and experience.

- Created a 3 year roll out career continuum for all stages of teaching from aspirant teacher programme of volunteering linked into ITE through to Executive Headship.
 To date:
 - ✓ NQT deal for all NQTs in primary, nursery and special across the District which includes enrichment & development locality based training as well as core training provided by Birth-19 TSA.

Impact: all primary, nursery and special school NQTs in receipt of additional training of good quality across the District.

✓ Emerging & enhancing middle leader training- primary, nursery through Exceed TSA

Impact: 15 emerging and 10 enhancing middle leaders began Aut 16.

✓ Secondary Aspiring and Empowering English and Maths middle leader training - commissioned to Teaching Leaders

Impact: 16 English and 16 Maths Aspiring middle leaders successfully recruited and undergoing training and development with Teacher Leaders (nationally recognised and approved training provider)

15 of each established English and Maths leaders recruited to enhance their skills recruited for the Teaching Leader's Empowering middle leaders programme.

✓ Executive headteacher/ system leadership training (primary, nursery and special) commissioned to Exceed TSA

Impact: 3 cohorts of 11, 14 & 10 successful headteachers recruited to develop as potential executive headteachers for the future. All Cohorts completed with excellent feedback.

✓ Commissioned Leadership development monies for special schools through DAP

Impact: DAP have developed a leadership programme to create a sustainable model for future leadership of special schools and PRUs.

✓ New headteacher induction training programme including the provision of BHPP deployment (Bradford Headteacher Professional Partner) for every headteacher. There were 26 new substantive or acting headteachers or Heads of School in 15-16,10 in 16-17 and 19 currently in 17-18

Impact: feedback from 26 attendees 15/16 was 100% positive as they felt supported, gained new knowledge and developed their network of contacts. All were very positive about having the opportunity to be mentored by an experienced headteacher.

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✓ RQT (recently qualified teacher) training package for all teachers in their 2nd year of teaching to develop their practice to good and outstanding.

Impact: awaiting report

✓ NQT mentor training – to strengthen the mentoring skills of teachers who
support newly qualified teachers, ensuring consistency of quality across the
district

Impact: Very well received- feedback excellent- next steps to cascade across whole district- key to raising quality of teaching.

✓ Bradford Aspiring Leaders programme – recruited 18 'trainee' headteachers and 18 headteacher mentors to undertake a development programme being delivered by a former HMI and prepare for future headships.

Impact: positive feedback with 3 out of 18 now in HoS or HT posts.

• Developed Bradford Retention project. Working in partnership with Dr George Madine, all Bradford teachers surveyed throughout district using a DfE approved retention survey created by Dr Madine. Dr Madine and his colleagues then conducted face to face interviews to validate data from survey, analysed the data & established 'trends' of retention for Bradford. This has been collated into a comprehensive report. The report is available.

The main findings from the report show:

- Retention of teachers is a multi-faceted issue with no single reason and there
 are many patterns such as more secondary teachers leave than primary, more
 teachers leave early in career than later, men and women have different
 patterns of leaving, different subjects have higher wastage rates, level of social
 deprivation of an area a school is in also has an effect.
- 2. Targeted recruitment at groups with better retention e.g. support staff, second career choosers
- 3. Workload issues is the biggest reason stated by teachers wishing to leave
- 4. Pay is usually a secondary factor

The findings are now being used to develop a strategic plan of actions and create a 'buffet' of possible solutions aimed at school leaders initially to be rolled out Spring term 18. These solutions are in line with NFER Engaging Teachers: NFER Analysis of Teacher Retention (Sep 16):

- Flexibility within and beyond school groups
- Support staff well-being
- Value and trust teachers
- Engage the workforce
- Monitor teacher intentions and engagement

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In conclusion, the retention of high quality teaching staff is a national issue. This role is to clearly identify the issues, proactively seek ways to up-skill the work force through high quality CPD, address key reasons why teachers are leaving by investigating and evaluating practices in those schools that have the best retention rates, then sharing and cascading these findings to all our District's schools. Bradford children need the best teachers; therefore, Bradford teachers need to be valued and developed to be the best they can be.

3.3 It is hoped that funding from the Opportunity Area (OA) will enable this work to continue. It is a key priority for the OA and building on the very successful work that has already been undertaken; it would enable this work to be moved forward in the future.

4. FINANCIAL & RESOURCE APPRAISAL

- 4.1 There has been an allocation of £220,000 per annum for a three-year period, financial years 15/16, 16/17 and 17/18.
- 5. LEGAL APPRAISAL
- 5.1 None
- 6. NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS
- 6.1 None
- 7. OPTIONS
- 7.1 None
- 8. RECOMMENDATIONS
- 8.1 That the Committee comments on the report.
- 9. APPENDICES
- 9.1 None
- 10. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
- 10.1 None



Report of the Strategic Director of Children's Services to the meeting of Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee to be held on 17 January 2018.

X

Subject:

Children's Services budget proposals

Summary statement:

This report provides information on the Children's Services budget proposals for 2018-19 and 2019-20

Michael Jameson

Strategic Director Children's Services

Portfolio:

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Health & Wellbeing

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Overview & Scrutiny Area:

Children's Services

1. SUMMARY

- 1.1 This report provides information on the Children's Services budget proposals 2018-19 and 2019-20.
- 1.2 On 5 December 2017 the Executive considered a report concerning the updated draft budget and Council tax proposals for 2018-19 and 2019-20, and approved these proposals for consultation as required with the public, interested parties, staff and trade unions.

2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 On 5 December 2017 the Executive considered a report concerning the updated draft budget and Council tax proposals for 2018-19 and 2019-20, and approved these proposals for consultation as required with the public, interested parties, staff and trade unions. In line with the previous year's practice, a revised indicative budget plan to 2020/21 was also presented in this report to show how the Council intends to meet the budget deficit by 2020-21.
- In line with the Financial Plan presented to Council last year, the budget proposals align resources to the Council's priority outcomes, which are:
 - A great start and good schools for all our children
 - Better Health Better Lives
 - Better Skills, more good jobs and a growing economy
 - Decent homes that people can afford to live in
 - Safe, clean and active communities
 - A well-run Council, using all our resources to deliver our priorities
- 2.3 The four year financial plan has been developed following an extensive priority outcome-led planning process and focusses the level of investment the Council intends to make in the activities and services to achieve its priority outcomes.
- 2.4 Local Government continues to face challenges and uncertainties. The four year plan will continue to be monitored with action taken to reflect changes to the forecast position. The Council's Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) forecasts a financial gap of £12.4m in 2018/19 rising to £20.1m in 2019/20, with a further potential gap of £45.8m by 2023/24.
- 2.5 The report made detailed proposals for refreshing the 2018/19 position and set out the detailed financial plans for 2019/20.
- 2.6 For 2020/21 it indicated the level of affordable spending on Council priorities and signalled the need for continued engagement with stakeholders in developing plans and proposals.
- 2.7 Since 2010, the Council has approved £255.8m of budget savings, and has invested £48m into priority areas largely to address the impact of demographic growth.

- 2.8 This financial plan incorporates savings of £30.7m over the two years 2018/19 (£7.1m) and 2019/20 (£23.6m). With a further indicative savings requirement of £37.5m in 2020/21.
- 2.9 Increasing demand for statutory services and increasing costs of those services have meant that not all savings agreed by Council in previous years have been met. This has required reconsideration of some budgets. These considerations are reflected in the report presented to Executive on the 5 December 2017.

3. CHILDREN'S SERVICES

- 3.1 The department has responsibility for delivering a Great Start and Good Schools for all our children in the UK's youngest city. It is also a major contributor in delivering two other Council priority outcomes which are: Better Health, Better Lives, and Better Skills, More Good Jobs and a Growing Economy.
- 3.2 In the last year, despite continuing budget constraints, the Department has worked to improve outcomes for individuals, with some significant improvements being realised in the following areas:
 - Educational attainment. Improvements seen at each stage from early years through Key Stages (KS) 1-5.
 - Bradford schools amongst the most improved in England
 - Improved Progress 8 scores over the previous year (this measures individual children's progress from the end of primary to the end of secondary school) with the district being the fourth most improved area in England for progress made by secondary school pupils.
 - Investment to attract and retain teachers: more than 200 Primary teachers recruited in the last 2 years as part of a Council funded campaign now set to expand to the Secondary sector.
 - Promotion of Bradford's Education Covenant
 - Below the national average number of 16-18 year-olds who are not in employment, education or training
 - Rates of 18-24 year-olds claiming unemployment benefits are improving
 - 3,000 young people supported into employment since the start of the Get Bradford Working Programme – further external funding secured to continue this work.
 - Successful early management of risk Bradford has 38.2 children per 10,000 on a Child Protection Plan, which compares well to a national rate of 43.1 per 10,000 and a regional average of 41.7 per 10,000.
 - Bradford has achieved strong performance for children's social care despite a
 comparatively low cost base. Comparator information about per capita
 spending on children demonstrates that Bradford has the lowest cost base
 within West Yorkshire, a significantly lower cost than the average for both
 Metropolitan and national authorities.
 - Success in managing the proportion of children needing care. Bradford has 61 Looked after Children per 10,000 Children, compared with a statistical

neighbour average of 74 per 10,000 Children. This figure is also significantly lower than the majority of core cites. Indicatively, if the numbers of Looked After Children in Bradford were the same as average statistical neighbour benchmarks, the cost of supporting Looked After Children would be approximately £6.8m higher per year.

3.3 Bradford was announced as an Education Opportunity Area. An additional £6m of funding will be available over a three year programme to support improvement of attainment for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds. A further £5m will also be available over the same period to ensure disadvantaged young people have access to high quality skills and employment training. Whilst spend on the programme needs to align with grant criteria, this funding will support the delivery of key priorities and outcomes across the department.

The Department has been successful in leading a partnership bid to deliver the ESIF Local Flexibilities for the Unemployed Contract, securing matched funding to maximise the remainder of the partner funding that had been allocated for SkillsHouse and the Employment Opportunities Fund within Get Bradford Working.

This contract is called Skills Training and Employment Pathways or STEP. STEP is voluntary for participants and will focus on delivery of a package of tailored support to address worklessness of unemployed disadvantaged individuals. The provision aims to engage with the individual, identify and address barriers to work, using a range of specialist support/provision to move Participants into sustained work at the earliest opportunity.

The total value of the contract including match is £9.6million over three years. The contract will deliver across the Bradford and Leeds Local Authorities with Leeds City Council as one of the key delivery partners. 72% of the delivery will be in Bradford with the remainder in Leeds.

In total the STEP programme will support:

- Over 5000 individuals with job search and employability;
- Over 1500 individuals into employment; and
- Over 700 individuals will sustain employment at 6 months.

Bradford, in partnership with Leeds was the only successful Local Authority to bid for European and Big Lottery Funding to deliver the **Stronger Families programme**. This compliments our Families first programme by assisting adults in vulnerable families to move closer to the labour market. All the evidence shows that children usually have better outcomes if they live in families where adults are in employment. There are already some exceptional results from the £1.6 million pound programme.

B Positive pathways our £3.2 million intervention fund went live on 1st April and was formally launched by the Robert Goodwill DfE Minister in November. Teams have been assembled over the year and we have now had our evaluation partners confirmed as Oxford and York University. A cost benefit analysis will be produced in due course, but we can already demonstrate cost avoidance by preventing teenagers coming into care through strengthened edge of care work. The number of children in external residential care has declined by more than 20% over the

year.

3.4 A variety of services within Education, Employment and Skills are working towards traded services resulting in full cost recovery. Support is being given to teams and income generation targets are being set. Decisions will be made later in the year whether a service is going to be viable and as a result whether any services are going to need to close. Decisions will be made primarily based on financial viability. Services working towards full cost recovery include Governor services and the Play service. The service currently generates approximately £4.9m of income from traded services. The table below provides a summary of this income.

Description of Service or Charge	£m
Outdoor Education Centre	0.9
Curriculum ICT (including licenses)	1.5
Music Service	0.7
Education Social Work Service	0.4
Education Psychology Service	0.4
School Clerking Service	0.3
Play Services	0.2
Achievement Service/Data Team	0.2
School Governor Service	0.1
Interfaith Education	0.1
Behaviour Support Services	0.1
Subtotal Education Fees or Charge	4.9

- 3.5 Despite these successes, there are also a number of challenges facing the department, such as:
 - Increasing number of referrals into children's social services: an increase of 240 in April to June 2017 compared to the same period in 2016
 - Increase of 9% in the numbers of children in local authority care at the end of June 2017 compared to June 2016
 - Cost of care places increasing 21% locally since 2013 compared to 23% over the same period nationally
 - Increasing numbers of young people as the population rises by 3000 per year
 - 29% of local children live in poverty increasing the demand for specialist services
 - Impact of other factors, such as domestic abuse, on demand for services
 - The role of the Courts in impacting on LA finances

Within this context, the service had been allocated £9.13m of savings for 2016-17 and 2017-18. The service is on track to deliver £5.99m of these savings with a £3.14m shortfall by end of 2017-18.

The table below outlines the adjustments proposed in relation to the above to Council Executive:

Amendments to Previous Budget Decisions

Ref.	Description	Prior Year	2018-19 £000
3C7	Reducing the cost of high cost placements – Children's Social Care	-1,039	-250
3C8	Reducing the number of looked after children by 75	-815	0
4C4	Child Protection Management restructure	-60	-240
4C9	Disabled Children – reduce staffing on CAMHS and reduce budget by 1%	0	-34
4C10	Review Team – review budget and reduce by 2% in 2018/19	0	-24
4C14	Reducing agency spend	-1,025	-36
4C15	Review of front door customer contact	0	-46
	Total	-2,939	-630

Section 4 of this Report details the additional proposals to Council Executive in relation to the budget for Children's Services.

- 3.6 Children's Services key priorities remain as described within the Council and District Plan 2016-20 and are:
 - Ensuring that children start school ready to learn
 - Accelerating educational attainment and achievement
 - Ensuring young people are ready for life and work
 - Ensuring educational, employment and skill opportunities for all
 - Safeguarding vulnerable children and young people
 - Reducing health and social inequalities

Proposals being consulted on reflect these priorities.

- The following considerations have been made in developing these budget proposals:
 - Delivering preventative and early help support from locality bases
 - Reflects that Dedicated School Grant now transferred to schools
 - Better use of staff and management across various services
 - Better use of grants to external providers
 - Better use and targeting of non-staffing budget to achieve outcomes.
 - Supporting use of personalised budgets
 - Developing cross regional services i.e. One Adoption and White Rose
- 3.8 Mechanisms in place to support and manage delivery of the budget proposals:
 - Consultations with all relevant stakeholders to inform planned changes
 - Named managers responsible for plans and programmes for change
 - Programme Team actively supporting managers in developing and reporting on programmes and plans to achieve budget savings – including developing milestones and key performance indicators

- A Social Care Internal Change board meets regularly to track and monitor change within the department, and to offer support to managers leading change programmes.
- Children's Change Board chaired by Strategic Director, meeting monthly, oversees progress against all budget lines ensuring savings are on target to be delivered, determining remedial action as required
- Health and Well Being Board
- Cross-Council Outcome Delivery Boards chaired by responsible Strategic Director meet four weekly to ensure programmes and projects on target.
- Great Start and Good Schools Delivery Board, Better Health Better Lives and Skills, Jobs and Economy each have responsibilities to deliver on Outcomes associated with Children's Services
- Council Overall Budget Board meets four weekly, receives exception reports and either tasks responsible strategic directors with bringing budget saving programmes back to schedule or re-schedules targets within the life of the programme.

4. FINANCIAL & RESOURCE APPRAISAL

4.1 The tables below provide a summary of the budget proposals for Children's Services:

Schedule of 2019/20 proposals open for consultation up to 28th January 2018 (2018/19 for reference only)

Ref.	Proposal for Change	2018-19 Impact £000	2019-20 Impact £000
4C1	Education Services – From 2017 part of the Dedicated Schools Grant will be passed directly to schools. There will therefore be a reduction in Council spending but no reduction in base budget. The proposal is included here as there could be staffing implications.	0	0
4C2	Early Years - From 2017 part of the Dedicated Schools Grant will be removed. Plans are being formulated to develop a coherent and targeted suite of early years' services including early help, family centres and early years' including Children's Centres. The proposal is included here as there could be staffing implications.	0	0
4C3	Children's Services – staffing, restructure, reduction in the Connexions contract with longer term service brought back in to Council, investigate regional data centre, cessation of Employment Opportunities Fund (EOF).	150	50
3C7	Looked After Children - Reducing the cost of high cost placements	250	0
4C4	Child Protection management restructure – reduction in teams by four to ten with potential reduction in team managers plus review other overall budgets	240	0
4C5	Children's Social Care management restructure – review of management structure leading to proposed reduction of two service manager posts and one team manager	85	0
4C6	Early Help –review structures in early help for children and families commissioned from VCS, youth offending team, crime prevention, family centres, families first	120	660
4C7	Looked After Team – review of staffing and non staffing budgets	19	19
4C8	Fostering and Adoption – review team manager structure with potential reduction of one team manager post	50	0

4C9	Disabled Children Team – to build on review already underway with CAMHS, review overall staffing and non staffing budget	34	0
4C10	Child Protection Review Team – vacancy management, use of software to reduce administrative requirements	24	0
4C11	Leaving Care – to review staffing and non staffing budgets to achieve a saving of 2% in yr 1 and a further 1% in yr 2	34	0
4C13	Drugs and Alcohol Team – review of the work of the team and all other services that support young people with alcohol and drug issues	50	0
4C14	Child Protection - Reducing agency spend in Children's Social Care Services	36	0
4C15	Child Protection - Review of front door customer contact to Children's Social Care Services	46	0
	Total	1,138	729

New Proposals open for Consultation until 12th of February 2018

Ref.	Proposal for Change	2018- 19 Impact £000	2019- 20 Impact £000	2020- 21 Impact £000
5C1	Review Respite Provision after the introduction of personalised budgets	0	400	0
4C2	Prevention and Early Help – detailed proposals form part of the Executive report Doc AC -7th November 2017	0	3,000	2,561
	Total	0	3,400	2,561

- The above tables do **not** include a further saving of £4.8m in the Prevention & Early Help budgets (mainly in relation to School Nursing and Health Visiting), currently being consulted on, that will be delivered in total by 2021. However, they do include the £6.5m saving from this area to be delivered in 2020-21.
- 4.3 Additional funding of £2.8m has been allocated to Children's Social Care in the Council's last two budgets and a further £625k a year over the next three years is proposed in order to respond to demographic trends
- 4.4 An additional investment of £300k a year is proposed in order to continue work to prevent child sexual exploitation.
- 4.5 The value of proposals under consultation until 28th January 2018 is £1,129k and relate to the 2019-20 budget saving proposals. There is a separate consultation on the Early Help proposals which ends on the 12th of February 2018.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE ISSUES

- 5.1 Outcomes from current consultations may mean that specific proposals cannot be delivered or may need reforecasting.
- 5.2 Demand for statutory services may increase beyond forecasts and current budget provision.

5.3 The Programme Control processes in place serve to maintain appropriate support, challenge and robust strategic level oversight of progress in balancing the budget with safe and effective services.

6. LEGAL APPRAISAL

- 6.1 The Council must comply with all legal requirements and local agreements to consult on proposals to change or withdraw services before the Council is asked to make any final decisions.
- 6.2 The legal requirements for a proper consultation exercise are as follows:
 - Consultation must be at a time when proposals are at a formative stage.
 - Sufficient reasons for the proposals must be given to allow intelligent consideration and response.
 - Adequate time must be given for a response
 - The product of the consultation must be conscientiously taken into account before the decision is made.
- 6.3 Section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 (the public sector equality duty) provides that:
 - (1) A public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to
 - (a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under this Act;
 - (b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it;
 - (c) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.
 - (2) A person who is not a public authority but who exercises public functions must, in the exercise of those functions, have due regard to the matters mentioned in subsection (1).
 - (3) Having due regard to the need to advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it involves having due regard, in particular, to the need to
 - (a) remove or minimise disadvantages suffered by persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are connected to that characteristic;
 - (b) take steps to meet the needs of persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are different from the needs of persons who do not share it;

- (c) encourage persons who share a relevant protected characteristic to participate in public life or in any other activity in which participation by such persons is disproportionately low.
- (4) The steps involved in meeting the needs of disabled persons that are different from the needs of persons who are not disabled include, in particular, steps to take account of disabled persons' disabilities.
- (5) Having due regard to the need to foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it involves having due regard, in particular, to the need to
 - (a) tackle prejudice, and
 - (b) promote understanding.
- (6) Compliance with the duties in this section may involve treating some persons more favourably than others; but that is not to be taken as permitting conduct that would otherwise be prohibited by or under this Act.
- (7) The relevant protected characteristics are –

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age;
disability;
gender reassignment;
pregnancy and maternity;
race;
religion or belief;
sex;
sexual orientation
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Officers have prepared equality impact assessments on the proposals to assist elected members in having regard to this duty.

- 6.4 Section 3(1) Local Government Act 1999 imposes a duty on local authorities to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. Section 3(2) requires local authorities to consult representatives of Persons:
 - Liable to pay any tax in respect of the authority
 - Liable to pay non-domestic rates
 - Who use or who are likely to use services provided by the authority
 - Appearing to the authority to have an interest in any area within which the authority carries out functions for the purpose of deciding how to fulfil the duty imposed by Section 3 (1).

- 6.5 Pursuant to Section 188 Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 (TULRCA 1992) the Council as employer is required to consult the recognised Trade Unions where there is a proposal to dismiss by reason of redundancy (which includes voluntary redundancy) 20 or more employees at an establishment within a period of 90 days or less. If 100 or more employees are at risk of dismissal by reason of redundancy at any one establishment within a period of 90 days or less the consultation must begin at least 45 days before the first of the dismissals takes effect.
- 6.6 Where a proposal gives rise to a transfer under the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006, trade union consultation will be carried out in accordance with those Regulations.

7. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

7.1 EQUALITY & DIVERSITY

Each proposal is subject to an initial Equality Impact Assessment, which will be developed through the consultation period. The consultation provides the opportunity for the Council better to understand:

- The consequences for individuals with protected characteristics affected by changes, particularly related to proposals relating to social care
- Any cumulative impact on groups with protected characteristics.

7.2 SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS

There are no direct sustainability implications resulting from this report.

7.3 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACTS

There are no direct sustainability implications resulting from this report.

7.4 COMMUNITY SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

Where there are any community safety implications arising from individual budget proposals these will be covered in the consultation exercise. Any implications arising from the consultation will be presented to subsequent meetings of the Executive.

7.5 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT

There are no direct human rights implications arising from this report.

7.6 TRADE UNION

- 7.6.1 In accordance with the requirements of Section 188 Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation Act) 1992, consultation with the Trade Unions will commence on 27th November 2017.
- 7.6.2 The **new** proposals provided to the Trade Unions highlight the areas where staff could be at risk of redundancy and show that the proposed likely full time equivalent (FTE) reductions in a number of areas is calculated to be 41.8 FTEs reductions for 2018/19 and 10 FTEs in 2019/20.
- 7.6.3 These numbers also exclude the 240 FTEs in relation to the proposal on Prevention and Early Help announced on 30th October 2017.
- 7.6.4 Where a proposal gives rise to a transfer under the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006, trade union consultations will be carried out in accordance with those regulations.
- 7.6.5 Senior Management explained the proposals in more detail to the Trade Unions at the Trade Union meetings that took place from 7th December 2017.
- 7.6.6 Equality Impact Assessments (EQIA) are being prepared on all proposals that have a staffing implication, these will be available as part of the consultation process. All information from individual EQIAs will feed into an overall Corporate EQIA.
- 7.6.7 Staff will also be briefed on the proposals.

7.7 WARD IMPLICATIONS

Affects all wards

8. NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS

None

9. OPTIONS

None

10. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee to note the details of the budget saving proposals for 2018-19 and 2019-20

11. APPENDICES

None

12. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

Document AB - Mid-Year Finance and Performance Statement for 2017/18 – Executive 7th November 2017

Document AC – Prevention and Early Help – Executive 7th November 2017

Document AJ - Proposed Financial Plan updated 2018/19 to 2020/21 – Executive 5 December 2017

Document AE - Children's Services Budget Considerations (2017-18 and 2018-19) - Children's Overview & Scrutiny Committee 24 January 2017

The Council Plan 2016-20



Agenda Item 9/



Report of the Strategic Director (Children's Services) to the meeting of Children's Services Overview & Scrutiny Committee to be held on 17 January 2018

Subject

Prevention and Early Help – a proposed new model to support families and communities for the future, including proposed changes to how we provide the children's centre core offer across the District.

Summary statement

The report highlights the progress the Council and partners have made in bringing together existing arrangements for early help and early years services.

The Council is facing unprecedented pressure on its budgets whilst the demand and costs for services are rising. Government cuts mean that the resources we will have to spend on Prevention and Early Help will reduce by £13.3m or more than one third, from £37.1m in 2016/17 to £23.8m in 2020. These cuts are in addition to the ones the Council has already had to make. It means that from 2010 to 2020, the overall funding the Council has available will have halved whilst demand and costs are increasing.

We will only ensure babies, children and young people have a great start and better life chances if we draw on the energy, experience and effort of the whole system, particularly the strengths and assets within families themselves and local communities.

The report outlines the need for proposed changes to how we deliver services in order to ensure we target resources at a time of increasing demand to avoid a detrimental impact on outcomes to children. We cannot continue to deliver services in the way we do now with this level of government cuts. The focus will be on a proposed partnership approach which is more targeted to improve outcomes and reduce inequalities for children and young people across the District.

On the 7 November 2017, Executive was asked to approve a period of consultation on a proposed new Prevention and Early Help delivery model. Committee is asked to consider and comment on the report as part of formal consultation.

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1. SUMMARY

- 1.1 This paper to Executive on the 7 November 2017 followed that presented to Executive on 11 July 2017. Executive agreed to a period of engagement with a range of stakeholders on proposed remodeling of the set of services under existing universal and preventative services to children, young people and families on an area footprint.
- 1.2 Executive agreed to receive a further report with specific options arising from the engagement activity which took place between 17 July 2017 and 20 August 2017.
- 1.3 On the 7 November 2017, Executive approved to formally consult on a new proposed model of delivery for babies, children and young people aged 0-19 (and up to 25 for disabled young people) commencing on 15 November 2017.
- 1.4 Prevention is about stopping problems emerging in the first place. Early Help is about preventing problems that are occurring from becoming worse. It is a statutory requirement of the Council and its partners to ensure effective Prevention and Early Help arrangements for babies, children, young people and families.
- 1.5 Our Prevention and Early Help arrangements have to tackle inequality in order to improve the long term prospects of families most in need. The way key services are proposed to be delivered is being transformed; this is due to the need to:
 - meet the Local Authority's and key partners' statutory requirements;
 - ensure better outcomes and reduce inequalities for babies, children, young people and families;
 - make the financial savings required by 2020/21.
- 1.6 Unprecedented reductions and changes in available Government funding means that we are required to deliver further significant financial savings by 2020/21. We cannot continue to deliver services in the way we do now with this level of Government cuts and with costs and demands rising.
- 1.7 In the face of rising costs, growing demand and national funding cuts, the Council has called on the government to ensure that their Autumn Budget recognises the pressures on children's services and the need to increase investment in early help.
- 1.8 Our submission to the budget identified that an additional minimum investment of £5m a year would be needed to meet rising costs for children's social care in Bradford and that additional resources for effective early interventions will deliver reductions in cost and demand pressures on services across the entire public sector.
- 1.9 The proposed preferred model would allow the Council and partners to expand delivery as and when additional resources become available. For example, an additional £1.6million would provide an increased level of Preventative and Public Health services which would match the key work support to individual children and families, We would expand our focus on conception to age 2, maternal mental health and school readiness. We would also increase the reach of evidenced-based programmes which are proven to improve outcomes and reduce inequalities for children and young people of all ages.
- 1.10 With an additional £5million, the Council and partners would plan to deliver:

- Additional Prevention and Early help services at all key stages but particularly across services supporting health, wellbeing and school readiness for young children;
- Additional Public Health nurses/practitioners so there is more in depth universal provision and support in all the schools for children aged 5-19 year olds;
- Expand intensive support to vulnerable groups, for example, support to young parents and parents with mental health, domestic violence and substance misuse problems;
- Expand community/family hubs in targeted areas.
- 1.11 We will only ensure babies, children and young people have a great start and improved life chances if we better target reduced resources and draw on and work together across the whole system of support, particularly the strengths and assets within families and local communities.
- 1.12 All teams and commissioned services would be expected to proactively support the collective effort of the People Can approach. People Can emerged out of Bradford Council's New Deal thinking and has involved people from the voluntary and community sector from the outset in its design.
- 1.13 People Can is an open invitation to everyone to take part, help others and make a difference:
 - Be Neighbourly carry out small, informal, everyday acts of kindness
 - Community action create a new group, activity or event with likeminded people
 - Volunteer devote some of your time to helping others
 - Raise money use your skills to raise funds for a community project.
- **1.14 Proposed preferred option.** In light of the reduced budget, the proposed preferred model includes a combination of a small group of central services and four new Prevention and Early Help teams.
- 1.15 The proposed preferred model would create four new 0-19 Prevention and Early Help Teams which would target those wards/areas with the poorest outcomes and bring together in single area teams the delivery of:
 - the children's centre core offer across the District;
 - targeted key work with individual children and families (Families First);
 - parenting support;
 - early education and childcare quality and take up;
 - education safeguarding and attendance;
 - diversity and cohesion.
- 1.16 Based on our Families' Needs Assessment, it is proposed the four area based teams cover:
 - Keighley/Shipley combined
 - East
 - West
 - South

- 1.17 The following services are proposed to continue to be delivered centrally:
 - Early Help Gateway (incorporating Families Information Service);
 - Oversight of education safeguarding
 - Specialist behaviour support and inclusion;
 - Short breaks for disabled children;
 - Intensive family support;
 - Youth offending services;
 - Service support, for example administration, project management commissioning, quality, finance and performance management.
- 1.18 This proposed preferred model would cut out duplication and provide a 'whole family' approach so families do not receive a series of interventions from different services.
- 1.19 The proposed preferred model would also support the Council's previous intentions to procure Public Health 0-19 years children's services including Health Visiting, Family Nurse Partnership, School Nursing and Oral Health services and will be an opportunity to fully align services to the constituency footprint. This will also be based on consultation and needs as identified in the Service Reviews for Health Visiting and School Nursing in 2016.
- 1.20 Under the proposed preferred model, the Council would continue with commissioning intentions related to short breaks, Families First and other targeted services. A small commissioning fund would also be made available for each area to facilitate community involvement in delivery.
- 1.21 The proposed preferred model would also align with the Council's youth services and ward partnerships which will continue to be managed within Place Services.
- 1.22 In order to achieve the required savings the proposal preferred model would lead to a reduction in the region of 220-240 full time equivalents (including staff within the seven Children's Centre clusters) (which is 47%-51%) across the affected teams and services (this does not include staffing impacts relating to the retender of the Health Visiting and School Nursing/Oral Health Service).
- 1.23 The proposal means that we would move away from providing the children's centre core offer through the seven standalone children's centre teams/clusters to delivering the services through the proposed four 0-19 Prevention and Early Help Teams.
- 1.24 At this stage, there are no proposals to close any individual children's centre buildings.
- 1.25 We would continue to provide 0-19 services through a range of local sites including the existing children's centre buildings. We will work with communities and partners to develop existing buildings into multi-agency community and family hubs.
- 1.26 Based on analysis of the geographical spread and usage of children's centre buildings for on-site direct delivery to families across the District, it is also proposed that we align children's centre sites to the proposed four Prevention and Early Help area teams.
- 1.27 It is proposed that the following buildings are reconfigured as Outreach bases (which are proposed to deliver a minimum of 8 hours of activities per week with children and families):

- Hirst Wood;
- Highfield;
- Parkland:
- Farcliffe & Lilycroft;
- Princeville;
- Bierley;
- Tyersal;
- Wyke.

2. BACKGROUND - present arrangements and the need for change

- 2.1 Bradford has one of the youngest populations in the country. Our children and young people are our greatest asset and they will help us to achieve our aspirations to grow and develop the prosperity of the District. It is crucial our children have the best start in life and reach their potential as set out in the Marmot Review (2010).
- 2.2 National research, strategies and policies highlight the need to focus on prevention and early intervention in pregnancy and early childhood, for example, 1001 Critical Days Cross Party Children's Report (2013) and Public Health England 'Best Start in life and beyond' (2016). This was also highlighted in the Service Reviews for Public Health 0-19 services in 2016.
- 2.3 In November 2016, the Early Intervention Foundation published, *'The cost of late intervention'*. For Bradford District, it estimated that £165million per year (or £311 per person) is spent on late interventions with the largest costs associated with looked after children and responding to domestic violence.
- 2.4 A local Families Needs Assessment called 'Overview of needs of families in Bradford and Airedale' was undertaken in early 2017 which provided a baseline of local intelligence and data, covering a breadth of information on maternity, health, education and specialist services.
- 2.5 Bradford's existing arrangements for supporting families and children through prevention and early intervention services have made significant improvements in many of the outcomes for children and young people over recent years. However, too many of the measures for key outcomes such as infant mortality, school readiness and educational attainment remain worse than regional and national measures.
- 2.6 Current mapping of key ward level outcomes and deprivation statistics in the Families' Needs Assessment shows it is consistently the same wards that have the poorest outcomes and the most need for support (see **Appendix 1**).
- 2.7 This information needs to direct the targeting of services and earlier identification of those children and families at risk of the poorest outcomes.
- 2.8 **Appendix 2 and 3** of this report sets out the Council's priorities in relation to Prevention and Early Help as well as identifying some of the key partnership boards and partners involved in this work. These demonstrate the District's existing strong commitment to prevention particularly in the child's first few years of life as part of our Prevention and Early Help offer.

- 2.9 The main outcomes (see **Appendix 4**) to be achieved under the proposed arrangements are:
 - Children live in caring and resilient communities;
 - Children learn and develop skills for life;
 - Children are healthy and well and reach their potential.
- 2.10 In November 2016, an independent KPMG report was commissioned to investigate Children's Services in the context of the changing financial and political climate, the benefits of investing in prevention and early help and the potential for service transformation.
- 2.11 The report identified five key priorities for Bradford's partnership approach to improving outcomes for vulnerable children and families:
 - a. Maternal health;
 - b. Targeted and early parenting ability support (in light of analysis which highlighted that only three individual children's centres were engaging over 80% of the population from their most deprived areas with 29 individual centres only reaching 50% or below);
 - c. Addressing the toxic trio (local referrals related to parental mental ill health, domestic violence and substance misuse are increasing);
 - d. Early education take-up and school attendance;
 - e. Data-sharing and predictive intelligence capability.
- 2.12 The Families Needs Assessment report demonstrated that there are approximately 150,000 children aged 0-19 in the District and around 41,000 children aged 0-4. Of school age children, 28% of children aged under 16 live in poverty. We also know that children growing up in workless households are almost twice as likely as children in working families to fail at all stages of their education.
- 2.13 The tables below highlight headline data for the five Parliamentary constituencies. The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) ranks every small area in England from 1 (most deprived area) to 32,844 (least deprived area). It is common to describe how relatively deprived a small area is by saying whether it falls among the most deprived 10 per cent, 20 per cent or 30 per cent of small areas in England.
- 2.14 This indicates that the needs of Keighley and Shipley together are comparable (in terms of both population and deprivation) to the remaining three constituencies individually. For example, in East, West and South over 50% of children aged 0-18 live the 10% most deprived areas whilst this is 24.8% for Keighley and 0% in Shipley. Keighley and Shipley combined make up 30% of the total 0-18 population.

	0-4 Populations						
Constituency		0-10%	% 0-10%	>10-30%	% >10-30%	0-30%	% 0- 30%
	Pop	IMD	IMD	IMD	IMD	IMD	IMD
Bradford							
East	10695	9776	91.4%	0	0.0%	9776	91.4%
Bradford							
South	8239	5199	63.1%	1994	24.2%	7193	87.3%
Bradford	_						
West	9771	5679	58.1%	4092	41.9%	9771	100.0%

Keighley	6413	1591	24.8%	2420	37.7%	4011	62.5%
Shipley	5721	0	0.0%	1188	20.8%	1188	20.8%

		5-18 Populations						
Constituency	Pop	0-10% IMD	% 0-10% IMD	>10-30% IMD	% >10-30% IMD	0-30% IMD	% 0- 30% IMD	
Bradford								
East	26963	24557	91.1%	0	0.0%	24557	91.1%	
Bradford								
South	20683	12625	61.0%	5215	25.2%	17840	86.3%	
Bradford								
West	26204	14518	55.4%	11686	44.6%	26204	100.0%	
Keighley	17328	4310	24.9%	6009	34.7%	10319	59.6%	
Shipley	15037	0	0.0%	2806	18.7%	2806	18.7%	

	0-18		
Constituency	No in constituency	% of district total 0-18	
Bradford East	37658	26	
Bradford South	28922	20	
Bradford West	35975	24	
Keighley	23741	16	
Shipley	20758	14	

- 2.15 Amongst the 150,000 children and young people, some are much more at risk of poor outcomes such as infant mortality, school readiness, educational attainment, obesity, special educational needs and disability (SEND). Many of these children live in the more deprived parts of the District where poverty is more common, housing is of a poor standard and adverse childhood events (ACEs) are more common.
- 2.16 If we consider health inequalities, although improving within the District, we are still worse regionally and nationally across many of the key children's outcomes. In addition, there are significant differences in the rates of obesity, infant mortality and decayed, filled and missing teeth within some wards in deprived parts of the District compared to the District as a whole.
- 2.17 At present, there are 2,235 families engaged on the expanded Families First programme. There are four wards in the District with over 100 families on the programme (Tong, Eccleshill, Little Horton, Bowling and Barkerend).
- 2.18 In light of reducing resources, increasing demand and to avoid a detrimental effect on outcomes, we need to target and reach more of these families and cut out duplication and silos in the teams working with them.
- 2.19 In June 2017, the Bradford District Partnership commissioned Peopletoo to review local arrangements for early intervention and prevention across all ages. In September 2017, Peopletoo delivered a report that made a number of recommendations which endorsed the direction of travel for Prevention and Early Help. The report proposes a number of recommendations:

'Think Family' and build up strength based approaches and conversations.	Under these proposals: We would continue to implement Signs of Safety (our assessment model which works with a family's strengths whilst being clear about any worries people may have about children). We would do everything we can to find all relevant extended family and people who have a natural connection to the children to help families help themselves. We would cut out duplication so the same family don't have multiple contacts from
	different teams.
Link across to the Public Health's Self Care and Prevention Programme.	We would join up with the Self-Care programme, particularly workforce development and seeking out opportunities for social investment and digital delivery. We would work together on a potential bid for social investment in social prescribing building on the pilot already underway.
Build partnership working at the ward levels	The proposed alignment with Parliamentary constituencies links up better with the ward and community level planning and delivery. We have identified the ten wards and lower level areas (known as Super Output Areas) with the poorest outcomes for children. It is proposed that these wards/areas will have a rolling programme of agreed prevention programmes.
Focus on the early and formative years of a child's life	A proposed central priority for Prevention and Early Help would be conception to age 2 and school readiness. We would draw heavily on learning and approaches within Better Start and Born in Bradford. This would be a priority for the proposed prevention programmes and the proposed Family Key Workers.
People Can – local volunteering and fundraising should be fostered	Proposed Prevention and Early Help Teams and commissioned services will be expected to provide opportunities for volunteering, apprenticeships and co-

	delivery of services within communities. We would work together with others to foster networks in areas A proposed Prevention Fund would be made available to support local ideas to improve outcomes.
Coordinate Early Help, Self Care and Better Start workforce development to change our conversations with service users and communities	We would build on Signs of Safety, self- care and conversations which motivate and support change.
Join up and focus on online and digital delivery	There are more opportunities for delivering parenting support and young people's support online. The proposed model would cut out duplication across IT systems.

- 2.20 Within the Council, the key services which contribute to Prevention and Early Help are currently located and/or commissioned through Children's Specialist Services and Education, Employment and Skills, Public Health and the Place Department.
- 2.21 **Appendix 5** identifies the list of Children's Services (including children's centre) teams directly in scope within the proposed changes.
- 2.22 The proposed preferred model brings together those key services so they operate as seamlessly as possible across the 0-19 age range (and up to 25 for some disabled young people) within a 'whole family' approach. This would also mean families are supported by one lead person rather than succession of different teams.
- 2.23 This need for greater targeting is particularly important given the unprecedented reduction and changes in Government funding available means that we are required to deliver significant financial Council savings:

Service Area	2016-17 budget	2020-21 budget	Reduction
Targeted Early Help	£6.6M	£4.8M	£1.8M (27%)
Education,	£16.1M	£9.8M	£6.3M (39%)
Employment &			
Skills			
Public Health	£14.4M	£9.2M	£5.2M (36%)
including school			
nursing, health			
visiting & oral			
health programmes			
Total	£37.1M	£23.8	£13.3M

2.24 Drawing on the Needs Assessment and reports highlighted above, we need to draw on the full range of resources, expertise and insight of all partners and our

- communities so we can better understand and work together to improve the life chances needs of children, young people and families across the district.
- 2.25 Furthermore, we will need to ensure that we maximise wider funding opportunities, for example, social investment and innovation/partnerships bids. We have successfully gained funding from Big Lottery, Social Innovation and Commissioning Better Outcomes.
- 2.26 The Council and partners have agreed that the future proposed model of delivery needs to work to the following partnership vision and principles:
- 2.27 **Our vision as a District** is to draw on the energy, experience and effort of the whole system so that babies, children and young people have a great start and improved life chances.

To improve outcomes and reduce inequalities across children and young people, families will receive the right support at the earliest time. This will be through supporting good relationships within families and communities, confident universal and prevention services and more intensive support when needed to those families with the most complex needs. Through a proactive approach, we will reduce the demand for late and specialist services by supporting families based on the best available evidence of what works.

2.28 We will work together to the following principles:

2.29 'People Can' ethos:

- Find and support the naturally occurring networks around children and families;
- Join up support as close to where families live as possible;
- Facilitate support at universal and targeted levels from within communities themselves:
- Support greater self-care and resilience in communities and families to help them themselves, for example, increase co-delivery with service users and volunteers.

2.30 Early support at the right time – build independence

- Support which is easy for families to navigate and so they only have to tell their story once;
- More targeting of Prevention and Early Help to help families and children most at risk when problems first emerge;
- Building on our Families First approach one family, one plan, one key worker so we help families to receive the right support at the right time when families need them:
- Be able 'to know and show' that help is offered when concerns are first identified so the need for late services is avoided;
- Prompt social work expertise is available for those professionals providing Prevention and Early Help.

2.31 Evidence-based and innovative

- Continually seeking opportunities for innovation, including social investment;
- Improving how we use technology to help families;
- Provide creative and effective workforce development for agencies and professionals;
- Proactively join up IT systems to cut out wasted time and costs;

- Use the evidence of what works for high impact on improving outcomes and reducing inequalities.
- 2.32 Public Health 0-19 children's services: this report confirms the Council's previous intentions to procure Public Health 0-19 children's services. These services will be based on the principles of the Healthy Child Programme (HCP), delivery of high impact areas and other key approaches described in detail in the Public Health England's 'Best start in life and beyond' (2016) as well as the findings of the local 2016 Review of Health Visiting and School Nursing services.
- 2.33 Within the reduced budget for commissioning, the procured 0-19 children's Public Health service will retain a clear focus on supporting families to ensure every child has the best possible start in life. This includes providing the five mandated universal health checks and assessments for pregnant women and young children as described in the delivery of the high impact areas for 0-5 year olds and a more enhanced and targeted support to women who need it most based on learning from the Family Nurse Partnership approach. The service will also include the School Nursing Service and the delivery of the high impact areas for 5-19 year olds. This will prioritise health needs assessments and reviews of pupils in Reception and Year 6 as well as the delivery of the National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP), hearing screening and sign posting to screening and other services where necessary.
- 2.34 **Delivery of high impact areas within the Public Health 0-19 years children's services:** This will also include the high impact areas from conception, birth, early years and school age children:
 - Transition to parenthood and the early weeks;
 - Maternal mental health;
 - Breastfeeding (initiation and duration);
 - Healthy weight, healthy nutrition (to include physical activity);
 - Managing minor illnesses and reducing hospital attendance/admissions;
 - Health, wellbeing and development of the child aged two (two year old review integrated review) and support to be 'ready for school';
 - Resilience and emotional wellbeing links to Future in Minds;
 - Keeping safe: Managing risk and reducing harm;
 - Improving lifestyles;
 - Maximising learning and achievement;
 - Supporting complex and additional health and wellbeing needs;
 - Seamless transition and preparation for adulthood
- 2.35 Local Authorities also have a statutory responsibility to provide or commission oral health improvement programmes they consider appropriate in their areas. Given that Bradford has a higher rate of children with decayed, filled and missing teeth regionally and nationally, the procurement will include a key focus on prevention and early intervention programmes such as fluoride varnish and supervised tooth brushing as well as delivery of the statutory screening and surveys. This is highlighted in the Bradford District Oral Health Strategy and Action Plan.
- 2.36 The proposed redesign of services, both internal and commissioned, gives opportunity for real innovation and flexibility to meet the needs of young people and families and further provides a driver for reducing overlap between services whilst enhancing the partnerships already in existence. At the same time, we will ensure we use the evidence of what works to focus on the approaches most likely to improve outcomes.

- 2.37 The proposed preferred model would ensure a continued focus on pregnancy and the early years through the delivery of the Integrated Early Years Strategy 0-7 years and the learning and evaluation of projects from Better Start Bradford alongside national and local research published from Born in Bradford. We have committed to keep the foundations required to support possible up-scaling of successful delivery from the Better Start Bradford programme.
- 2.38 The proposed changes will affect delivery in a number of key ways:
 - The proposed Prevention and Early Help Teams and commissioned services will need to co-facilitate local delivery within communities;
 - Despite innovative practice we will not be able to deliver the same level of activity presently provided across the District;
 - More targeting and less duplication should mean we don't have a succession of involvements from different teams with the same families;
 - Maintaining out reach bases mean that we can step up, build up community and family hubs over time and enhance support in all areas as and when needed;
 - Clear access to additional support for universal services should also ensure vulnerable children and families in all areas are identified.

2.39 SEND TRANSFORMATION (ages 0-25 years)

- 2.40 On the 20 June 2017, Executive agreed to consult on a proposed new model to deliver special educational needs and/or disability (SEND) services. In light of the initial consultation, Executive will receive a further report in December 2017 seeking agreement for a further period of consultation on revised SEND transformation proposals.
- 2.41 This report makes proposals about further alignment of SEND services presently within Children's Specialist Services into the proposed SEND services. During both consultations we will seek views on:
 - how we support more inclusion of children and young people with a disability in mainstream and Prevention and Early Help services;
 - reducing social exclusion for children and young people with needs arising from learning disabilities and behaviours that challenge;
 - how we would align Prevention, Early Help and SEND support at an area level.

2.42 MESSAGES FROM ENGAGEMENT - AUGUST 2017

- 2.43 Following the report to Executive in July 2017, the Council's Children's Services undertook a five week public engagement, from 17 July 2017 to 20 August 2017 on its proposal to remodel and redesign the Prevention and Early Help arrangements and services across an area footprint.
- 2.44 The Council and partners developed a plan to identify and reach key groups ensuring stakeholders were given the opportunity to share their views. This included:
 - Parents and carers across the District;
 - Children and young people;
 - Partnership groups;
 - Elected members:

- Private, voluntary and independent sector;
- Teams and services across the Council, VCS, NHS, Police etc:
- Education settings.
- 2.45 The Council promoted this engagement period through social media sites, as well as being published on Bradford Schools Online (BSO) and on the Council's Engagement and Consultation website. A large number of events took place during the summer across the District, parent forums, young people's sessions, play days in City Park, events at children centres, libraries, Police Summer Camps and member sessions.
- 2.46 The survey contained 16 questions overall, 10 of which were focussed around:
 - our vision for Prevention and Early Help;
 - identifying the right outcomes;
 - services which are currently accessed;
 - travelling to access services.
- 2.47 One further question was provided to allow people to make any other comments.

2.48 Summary of Findings

- 2.49 In total 615 people completed the survey (further analysis can be found on **Appendix**6):
 - 256 people (41.6%) took part through focus groups and submitted a paper copy, 359 (58.4%) took part online;
 - Those aged 11 15 years were the largest group to take part in the engagement (271 / 47%), followed by those aged 16 24 years (180 / 31%) and 35 44 years (40 / 7%). The remaining 15% were made up of other respondent types;
 - 50% of respondents who took part in the engagement online and through a paper version were white British, followed by 12% who were Mirpuri Pakistani;
 - The majority of respondents were male (51% online/paper version);
 - 5% of respondents who took part reported a disability.
- 2.50 The majority of respondents identified 'mental health support for young people' as the most important area in providing support to families and this was reflected in the comments people made.
- 2.51 We identified that some young people struggled to understand the questions within the survey. We will ensure before we commence formal consultation that we will produce a children and young people's survey, to ensure the language and questions are clear. We will also ensure that there is extensive consultation with those supporting and caring for babies and younger children.
- 2.52 The feedback indicated that there is District support for the vision to move services to a locality model and to work in partnership with agencies to ensure the best possible outcomes for all children, young people and families.

3 OPTIONS AND PREFERRED MODEL AND STEPS TO 2020

- 3.1 The options outlined below have been developed following extensive working with partners over the last year. They incorporate the feedback from the stakeholder engagement and are based on the needs of babies, children and families and how we can best improve outcomes and reduce inequalities for children.
- 3.2 Four options are outlined below:
- 3.3 Option 1 Remain with the same separate services/teams and spread the required budget reductions equally across the services/teams.

The Council currently provides and commissions a significant number of Prevention and Early Help services to children and families which work alongside wider partnership delivery. This could continue with the same and separate teams/services but with a significant reduction shared across key services or areas.

Pros:	Cons:
 Maintains a familiar model; Maintains children's centres as standalone centres; Maintains work to date to align the seven children's centre cluster, health visiting and school nursing; Maintains mixed economy of providers. 	 Some teams and centres will not be viable individually with the required levels of savings; Maintains the present duplication of agencies targeting the same families; Not sufficiently targeted to highest needs; Is not aligned to key partner agencies; More distant from elected members/ward developments and does not align to Area Committees; Would not provide management and back office efficiencies across multiple teams and services; Does not support a 'whole family' approach; Would not comply with EU legislation given the length and size of some of the present contracts.

3.4 Option 2 - Move to a centrally managed service delivering only the minimum mandatory (Healthy Child visits, assessed contact and short breaks) and targeted key working with individual families. (Potential 260-280 FTE reduction) (56%-60%).

This service would focus predominantly on higher risk families and work largely in families' homes. There would be a significantly reduced number of community and group based programmes and buildings in areas.

Pros:	Cons:	
 Saves money on buildings (subject to identifying alternative uses) in medium/long term to invest into workers; Focuses on those families with children with the poorest outcomes; Reduces management and back office costs. 	 Not in line with District and corporate vision – does not build community networking, prevention and resilience; Reduces prevention activity and so demands at targeted and specialist levels likely to increase; More distant from families and communities and elected members; Unlikely to meet statutory requirements for a sufficient children's centre offer; Significantly reduces area based delivery sites. 	

3.5 Option 3 – a 0-19 Prevention and Early Help Service providing mandatory and targeted prevention programmes and key working. The Council provides the core teams alongside a number of commissioned services (potential 220 – 240 FTE reduction) (47%-51%).

Under this option, it is proposed:

- We move from the separate services presently provided (including the seven Children's Centre clusters) and create a new Prevention and Early Help Service providing four area based teams alongside a small group of central services;
- Central teams would include service (administration, finance etc) support, Families First co-ordination, Early Help Gateway, overview of early education and childcare sufficiency, overview of education attendance/safeguarding and intensive family support.
- Area teams would particularly targeted those wards and neighbourhoods in which children have the poorest outcomes;
- Area 0-19 teams would incorporate delivery of the children's centre core offer across the District;
- Each team would include Prevention Co-ordinators and workers who will work with families and local community to deliver evidence based programmes:
- A 0-19 generic Family Key Worker post would be created with specialisms on early childhood development and working with young people within each team;
- A detailed Prevention and Early Help pathway would be developed for children and young people 0-19 years (or 0-25 years where appropriate);
- Build on the work of our multi-agency Early Help Panels which identify those families with the most complex needs;
- Public Health services will be re-commissioned as recommended from the local 2016 Service Reviews and following consultation arising from this report. Public Health will commission in accordance with the four geographical areas being proposed and will integrate with this proposed Prevention and Early Help model. The specification will therefore include detail of how this will be achieved and any co-location required with the proposed 0-19 teams;
- That responsibility for short breaks and specialist behaviour support would move or align from Specialist Services to the proposed SEND Services (subject to revised consultation);
- That responsibility for Assessed Contact would remain within Children's Specialist Services;

- The Council would continue with commissioning intentions related to short breaks, Families First and other targeted services;
- A commissioning fund would be made available for each area to facilitate community involvement in prevention delivery.

Pros:	Cons:	
 Maintains preventative and targeted support and so should reduce demand for specialist services; Reduces duplication; One key worker/team reduces families being 'passed around' from services; Strongly support a whole family approach; Build on Families First approach; Makes co-ordinated use of resources for whole community usage; Realises savings; Build up services around the model as and when additional funding becomes available; Continues to provide children's centre core offer within integrated teams; Provides clinical expertise and leadership through the integration of Health Visiting and school nursing services to the proposed teams; Aligns Place/Area Committees, ward planning, youth services and Healthy Child Programme delivery in areas; Aligns with Police boundaries; Closer to families, communities & elected members; Mixed economy of providers; Supports integrated IT systems; Builds hubs in local areas. 	 Need to ensure oversight of delivery across areas; Need to ensure robust focus on early childhood support, particularly from conception to age two and school readiness; Some reduction in mixed economy of providers; Large scale system changes of processes and workforce. 	

The partnership framework (and two case examples) for delivery of this model is outlined in **Appendix 7a-c** and an outline of key functions for the proposed core 0-19 Prevention and Early Help Service is at **Appendix 8**.

The alignment of Children's Centres buildings to the proposed areas is at **Appendix 9**.

Option 4 - Tender out all Prevention and Early Help services under one specification covering the reduced total budget available for these services.

Pros:	Cons:	
 Pros: A wide market has the potential to respond; Commissioned service may bring additional resources to District; Council holds a performance and quality assurance role; Wider testing of innovative models of delivery. 	 Cons: Time and costs of procurement; Too wide a mix of providers may bring about inconsistency; There are complex workforce issues which need addressing as a result of the budget reductions which may be unattractive to the market; Ends Council or schools role in 	
	 Ends Council or schools role in provision. 	

- 3.6 PREFERRED OPTION. Option 3 is the preferred model and approval is sought to commence formal consultation with all interested parties commencing on 15 November 2017 until 12 February 2018.
- 3.7 Option 3 is preferred because it would both deliver the required financial savings and secure a model of delivery which would:
 - Provide a mix of preventative and targeted support but with a higher degree of targeting;
 - Reduce duplication in work with families (so they do not experience a succession of interventions) and can respond to the needs of all the children in a family whatever their age;
 - Be as close to families as possible and so area based (as supported in the engagement findings);
 - Align as much as possible to the areas worked by Place, Police and other key services;
 - Provide clinical leadership through the health visiting and school nursing teams and integrate all Public Health 0-19 years services to this approach;
 - Deliver mandated pre-5 health visits, school health checks and co-location so wider family health issues can be addressed collectively;
 - Provide high quality and sufficient early childhood support to children under five and their families;
 - Maximise spending on people to work directly with children and families;
 - Make sure all back office and management is efficient and cut out duplication;
 - Reduce time and cost associated with running multiple IT systems;
 - Allow us to build up services around the model as and when additional funding becomes available.
- 3.8 Learning from previous area based delivery of children's services, we will ensure:
 - Proactive workforce and elected member engagement and development;
 - Delivery is organised around a core common purpose and job profiles;
 - Strong and collective outcome and performance focus;
 - Clear reporting and responsibility for delivery so line management arrangements are clear and simple;
 - Shared practice standards, ICT systems and quality assurance;
 - Reinforce One Family One Plan so families are not 'passed around' workers;
 - Co-locate around hubs in areas;
 - Continued close working with social work services;
 - Specific practice champions and interests are identified so there is a breadth of

experience within the 0-19 teams.

- 3.9 The Prevention and Early Help Outcomes Framework (see **Appendix 4**) and delivery of key evidence based programmes linked to improving these outcomes will ensure that the reduced services continue to collectively address the high impact areas.
- 3.10 We propose to monitor the delivery and performance through a multi-agency Joint Delivery Board focused on the agreed outcome areas and this will include a focus in reducing inequalities.
- 3.11 A co-ordinated offer of support and guidance to schools will reduce duplication and enable a step up targeted service to be provided to those who need this level of support. A joint approach with schools across Prevention and Early Help and Future in Minds will be adopted.
- 3.12 A proposed timeline of key milestones is provided below:

Date	Activity
07 November 2017	Executive decision
15 November 2017	Formal Consultation begins
12 February 2018	Formal Consultation closes
03 April 2018	Return to Executive
May 2018	Commence proposed re-structure/assimilations
October 2018	Proposed services commence

- 3.13 As the Council's preferred Option 3 proposes to make changes to provision which might impact children with SEND, the Council considers that these proposals are likely to lead to improvements in the standard, quality and or range of educational provision for SEND children as set out in the SEN Improvement Test in **Appendix 10**.
- 3.14 Public Health will proceed with the development of the proposed service model and service specification/s, based on the whole system model and will procure the service/s through a competitive tender process. The length of the contract and the procurement approach and timescales will be agreed with the CBMDC Commercial Team.

3.15 Developing and supporting the workforce

- 3.16 The proposal would create a significant reduction and change to the workforce. A substantial workforce reform programme across all areas would be required and this would need to be backed up with a workforce plan.
- 3.17 We would work with wider partners to ensure we assist employees to take up employment opportunities in other areas of public sector delivery.
- 3.18 It is proposed a Prevention and Early Help accreditation/passport scheme would be developed. This would cover the core knowledge and skills required by staff in key services. This would allow schools, teams and individual workers to self-assess their workforce strengths and gaps.
- 3.19 The proposed development and training offer would support teams/people to build up their accreditation over time and will incorporate key elements from across Prevention

and Early Help, Future in Mind, the Self-Care programme and learning from Better Start Bradford.

4. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 This proposal sits alongside wider cross-agency and system initiatives such as the Integrated Early Years Strategy, Signs of Safety implementation, the Integrated Care Pathway, self-care, European Social Fund/Lottery Stronger Families programme, B Positive Pathways, early work around joint commissioning and the Council's proposed transformation work on SEND. The proposed model incorporates our commitments to the Department for Communities and Local Government under Families First.

5. FINANCIAL & RESOURCE APPRAISAL

- 5.1 The Council's Executive published a four year financial plan aligning resources with priorities from the Council Plan on the 6 December 2016 and ratified by full Council on the 23 February 2017. The plans included detailed proposals for consultation about spending in 2017-18 and 2018-19 and indicative spending totals for 2019-2020 and 2020-21 by Council Plan Outcomes.
- 5.2 Alongside core Council funding, services also receive income from a number of external sources. These include the Dedicated Schools Grant, the Families First payment by Results (Department for Communities and Local Government) and a grant from the Youth Justice Board. Unless stated, spending proposals relate to use of core Council funding.
- 5.3 The Council and partners will need to work closely to maximise funding to the district, for example, submitting partnerships bids and developing new funding through social investment.
- 5.4 The proposed model offers greater flexibility and sustainability to reflect the changing resource base of the Council and partners, assist in achieving efficiencies for the Council into 2020/21, maximise external funding and the benefits of integrated working with partners. The proposed model will also continue to maximise income through the Families First programme and any other opportunities that arise.
- 5.5 The proposed move to a new integrated area-based model (Option 3) would ensure that the services are being delivered within the agreed spending totals approved by the Council in February 2017.
- 5.6 As the proposal would be such a significant programme of change, additional dedicated support is going to be required from Human Resources, Workforce Development, Communications, Finance and Legal Services.
- 5.7 Proposed redundancies would be linked to the Council decision following consultation and if applicable the Council will be responsible for any redundancy cost for its own workforce affected by the proposals.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE ISSUES

6.1 It is proposed that this is a large programme of work across a number of service areas that requires delivery at a considerable pace. It would require significant, meaningful engagement and formal consultation with partners, schools, early year's settings,

Children's Centre providers, the workforce and families currently accessing the services and prospective families and other interested parties.

7. LEGAL APPRAISAL

- 7.1 The Local Authority must ensure it complies with any duty to consult or requirements set down in legislation or statutory guidance.
- 7.2 The DfE Sure Start children's centre statutory guidance April 2013 provides that the Local Authority must ensure there is consultation with interested parties before any significant changes are made to children's centre provision in their area.
- 7.3 Consultation must take place with all interested parties when proposals are still at a formative stage, sufficient reasons must be put forward for the proposal to allow for intelligent consideration and response. Adequate time must also be given for consideration and to respond to the consultation and conscientious account must be taken of responses when a decision is made. Whilst all options do not have to be consulted upon they must be sufficiently clear to enable consultees to understand the proposals.
- 7.4 Consultation must be easily understandable by those most likely to be affected by the proposed changes. The language should not be technical and what is being proposed and the impact of the proposals must be in plain English.
- 7.5 The SEND Code of Practice 0-25 years January 2015 provides that when considering any reorganisation of special educational needs provision the Local Authority must make clear how they are satisfied that the proposed alternative arrangements are likely to lead to improvements in the standard, quality and/or range of educational provision for children with SEN.
- 7.6 The Local Authority must have regard to its public sector equality duties under section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 when exercising its functions and making any decisions. The Local Authority must carry out an Equalities Impact Assessment to enable intelligent consideration of the proposals. The Local Authority must have due regard to the information in the Equalities Impact Assessment in making the decision to commence consultation on these proposals.
- 7.7 If the proposals include significant changes to maintained schools the Council would need to follow a statutory process and publish statutory proposals.
- 7.8 The Children Act 1989 sets out the provision of services for children and their families. Section 17 places a duty on every local authority to safeguard and promote the welfare of children who are in need within their area and to promote the upbringing of such children by their families.
- 7.9 The Children Act 2004 as amended by the Apprenticeships, Skills, Children and Learning Act 2009 set statutory targets for children's services authorities for improving the effectiveness of safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children through promoting better inter-agency co-operation and improved information sharing. The 2009 Act also established Children's Trust Boards.

- 7.10 The Council has duties under the Childcare Act 2016:
 - Section 1 duty to improve well-being of young children & reduce inequalities between them:
 - Section 3 to make arrangements so that early childhood services are integrated, accessible and benefit young children and their parents;
 - Section 5A make arrangements for sufficient children's centres, so far as reasonably practicable to meet local need;
 - Section 6 duty to secure sufficient childcare for working parents;
 - Section 12 duty to provide information, advice and assistance to parents and prospective parents;
 - Section 13 duty to provide information, advice and training to childcare providers.
- 7.11 Early years providers have specific statutory requirements under the Childcare Act 2006 to contribute to the safeguarding of children and to comply with welfare requirements to promote good health and maintain records, policies and procedures.
- 7.12 Working Together to Safeguard Children (DfE, 2015) sets out the responsibilities that everyone including teachers, GPs, nurses, midwives, health visitors, early years professionals, youth workers, police, Accident and Emergency staff, paediatricians, voluntary and community workers and social workers has to safeguard and promote the welfare of children, provide early help and for keeping them safe.
- 7.13 The Education Act 1996 as amended requires all local authorities to make arrangements to enable them to establish the identities of children in their area who are not receiving a suitable education. The duty applies in relation to children of compulsory school age who are not on a school roll and who are not receiving a suitable education otherwise than being at school.
- 7.14 The Children and Families Act 2014 has further influenced and shaped service delivery. It aims to improve services for vulnerable children, children in need of care and support, children with special educational needs and disabilities and support families in balancing home and work life particularly where children are particularly very young. It underpins wider reforms to ensure that all children and young people succeed, no matter what their background.
- 7.15 The proposed changes are expected to involve staff transferring under the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulation 2006, ("TUPE") which will give rise to legal duties to consult and inform. If there is a change of employer following the changes then TUPE will apply. TUPE operates so that staff are protected from being dismissed by reason of there being a transfer of undertakings, unless there is an economic, technical or organisational reason entailing changes in the workforce and provides that staff transfer on existing terms and conditions. Different legislation protects the pensions of transferring employees.
- 7.16 Local authorities have duties outlined in the Health and Social Care Act (2012), which came into force in April 2013 when Public Health transferred to the Council, and this includes delivering public health children's services for 0-19 year olds and specific mandated and statutory functions including 5 health checks for young children, the National Child Measurement Programme and district wide Oral Health surveys.

- 7.17 Local Authorities statutory Public Health responsibilities also include a duty to improve Public Health, Section 31 of the 2012 Act requires local authorities to have regard to guidance from the Secretary of State when exercising their public health functions; in particular this power requires local authorities to have regard to the Department of Health's Public Health Outcomes Framework (PHOF).
- 7.18 A Public Health outcomes framework for England sets out the Government's overarching vision for public health, the desired outcomes and the indicators that will be used to measure improvements to and protection of health. *Improving outcomes and supporting transparency*, provides a summary technical specifications of public health indicators.
- 7.19 Section 237 of the 2012 Act also requires local authorities to comply with National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) recommendations to fund treatments under their public health functions.
- 7.20 Local Authorities also have responsibilities under this Act to set up a statutory Health and Wellbeing Board to oversee a Health and Wellbeing Strategy to improve health and wellbeing outcomes and reduce inequalities for the population across the district.

8 OTHER IMPLICATIONS

8.1 EQUALITY & DIVERSITY

- 8.1.1 The Local Authority must not discriminate directly or indirectly against any group or individual and is required to foster good relations.
- 8.1.2 An Equalities Impact Assessment for the proposed model is attached as **Appendix 11**. A Human Resources Equalities Impact Assessment is underway.

8.2 SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS

8.2.1 There are no direct sustainability implications arising from this report.

8.3 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACTS

8.3.1 The proposals would not impact on gas emissions.

8.4 COMMUNITY SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

8.4.1 Through working differently across services we would seek to minimise crime and anti-social behaviour and its impact on individual families and communities. This is a priority outcome area.

8.5 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT

8.5.1 There are no direct Human Rights implications arising from this report.

8.6 TRADE UNION

8.6.1 The Council will be issuing a letter under Section 188 Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 ("TULRCA") notifying the Trade Unions about the potential impact on the workforce in relation to the proposals outlined in this report

- 8.6.2 The regional Trade Unions were advised of the proposals outlined in the Executive report in a meeting on the 12 October 2017
- 8.6.3 The trade unions will be fully consulted on the proposals and meetings are scheduled with the Trade Unions on the proposals and their feedback will be incorporated into future reports to Executive.

8.7 WARD IMPLICATIONS

8.7.1 Ward Councillors were provided with open briefings throughout August. Ward. Further consultation will be undertaken.

8.8 AREA COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN IMPLICATIONS (For reports to Area Committees only)

8.8.1 Following Executive approval to consult, reports are planned to go to each Area Committee.

9 NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS

KPMG Report: Transforming Early Years and Early Help Opportunities for 2020. This report is not for publication because it contains exempt information under Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 (information relating to the financial or business affairs of the Council/third party) and in all the circumstances of the case, the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information.

10. OPTIONS

10.1 If the move to a new integrated area-based model (Option 3) is not supported then, in order to achieve a balanced budget going forward and make the required savings, alternative saving options would need to be identified and delivered.

11. RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. That Committee notes formal consultation is underway from 15 November 2017 until 12 February 2018 with all interested parties as outlined in **Appendix 12.** This has included reports to Area Committees:
- b. Consider and comment on the report;
- c. Note that Executive will receive a further report in April 2018 following formal consultation.

12. APPENDICES

Appendix 1 – Families' Needs Assessment maps

Appendix 2 – District & Council Priorities

Appendix 3 – Working with our partners

Appendix 4 – Early Help Outcome Framework

Appendix 5 – Key services in scope for changing under the proposed model

Appendix 6 – Engagement summary

Appendix 7a-c – Proposed partnership delivery framework

Appendix 8 – Proposed Prevention and Early Help Service functions

Appendix 9 – Proposed changes to Children Centres

Appendix 10 – SEN Improvement Test

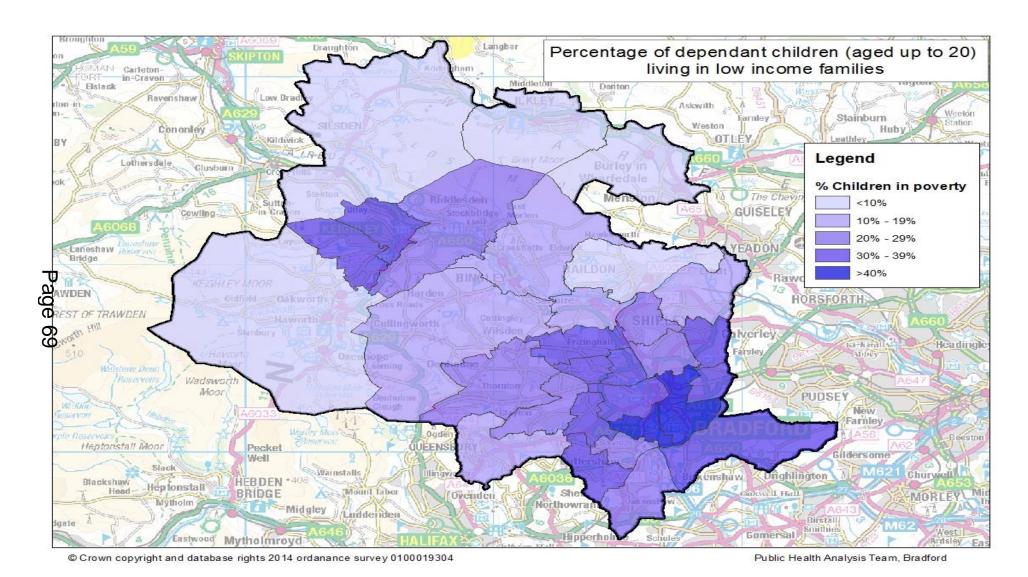
Appendix 11 – Equalities Impact Assessment

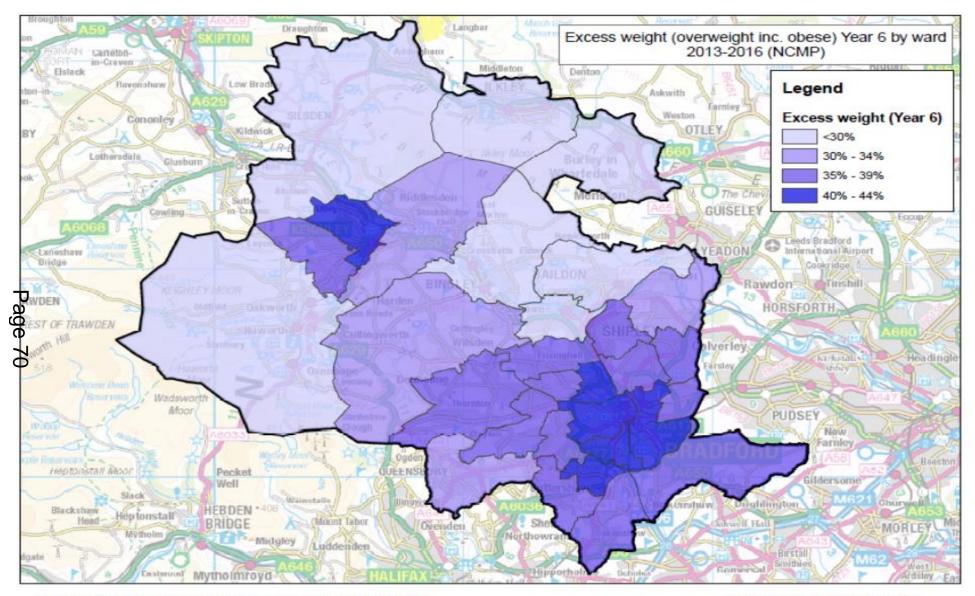
Appendix 12- Stakeholders for consultation

13. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

- Bradford District Plan 2016 2020
- Bradford Council Plan 2016 2020
- Bradford Children, Young People and Families Plan 2017-2020
- Integrated Early Years Strategy for children 0-7 years 2015-2018
- Bradford District Oral Health Strategy
- Bradford District Every Baby Matters Strategy and Action Plan
- Families Needs Assessment: An overview of the needs of families in Bradford and Airedale 2017.
- Fair Society Health Lives Marmot Review 2010
 http://www.instituteofhealthequity.org/resources-reports/fair-society-healthy-lives-the-marmot-review
- 1001 Critical Days Report (2013) http://www.1001criticaldays.co.uk/
- Public Health England 'Best Start in life and beyond' Guidance (2016)
 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/healthy-child-programme-0-to-19-health-visitor-and-school-nurse-commissioning
- The effect of multiple adverse child hood events (ACEs) experiences on health Lancet Public http://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanpub/article/PIIS2468-2667(17)30118-4/fulltext
- Health Visiting and School Nursing Reviews: 2016 HSOSC Sept 2016: https://bradford.moderngov.co.uk/documents/g6432/Public%20reports%20pack%2008th-Sep-
 - 2016%2016.30%20Health%20and%20Social%20Care%20Overview%20and%20Scrutiny%20Committee.pdf?T=10

APPENDIX 1 - Key data from the Family Needs Assessment; An overview of needs of Families in Bradford and Airedale 2017





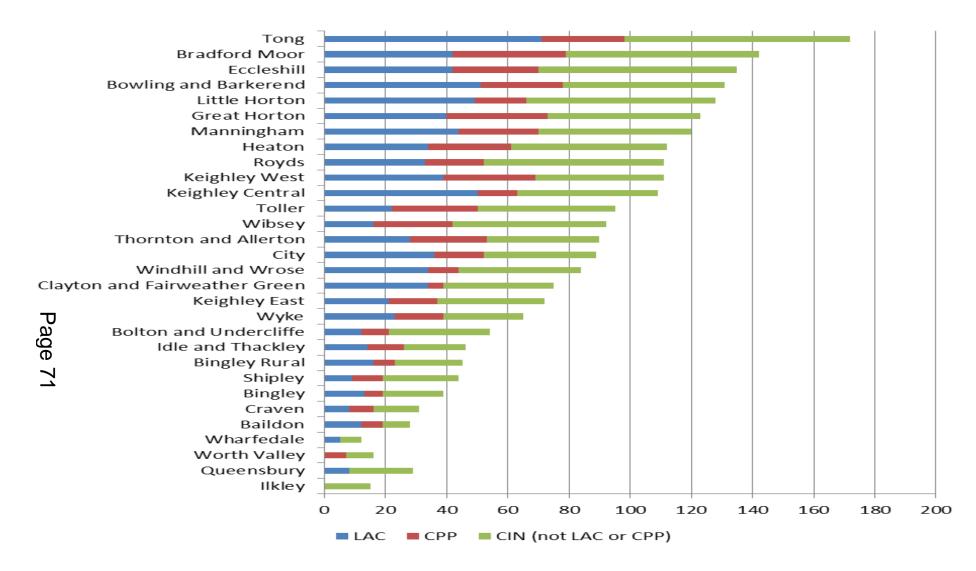
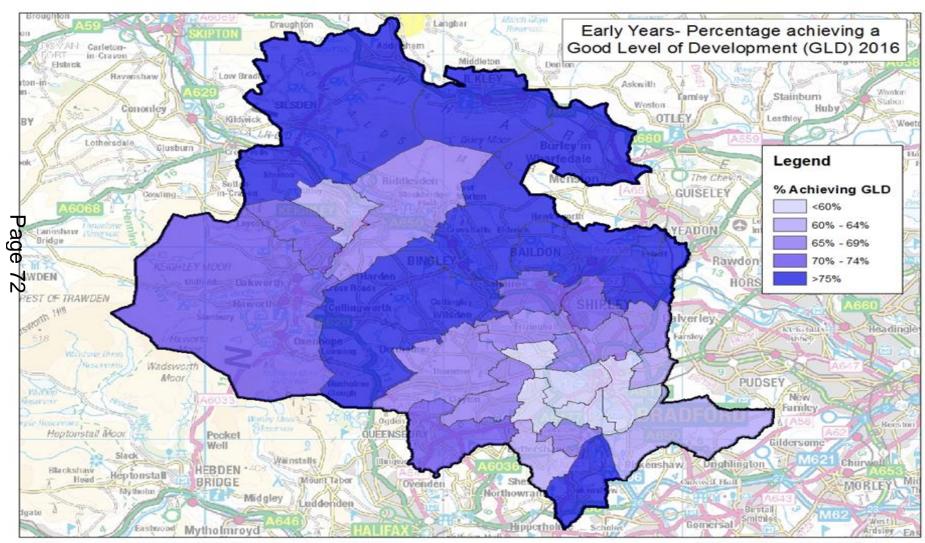


Table above shows contacts with Children by Children's Social Care 2016: LAC - Looked after Children, CPP - Child Protection Plan and CIN – Child in Need.

In the map below a lighter colour indicates a lower level of Good Level of Development (school readiness)



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Public Health Analysis Team, Bradford

APPENDIX 2 - District and Council Priorities

Bradford District Plan 2016 – 2020

The Bradford District Plan sets out the long-term ambition for our district. It aims to draw on the resources and activity of local people, communities, businesses and organisations, across the district. Achieving this ambition and addressing the priorities will enable us to make Bradford a better place.

The proposal directly relates to the Council Plan 2016 – 2020 priorities:

- Better skills, more good jobs and a growing economy;
- A great start and good schools for all our children;
- Better health, better lives;
- Safe, clean and active communities;
- Decent homes that people can afford to live in.

Bradford Council Plan 2016 – 2020

The Council Plan sets out how we, as a Council will work with others to contribute to the priorities set out in the Bradford District Plan. Our actions are outlined below:

- 1. Better skills, more good jobs and a growing economy
 - Businesses starting up, growing and investing in Bradford District
 - Getting the right infrastructure
 - Letting everyone know Bradford is a great place to live, work and invest
 - A skilled and flexible workforce in our district
- 2. Decent homes that people can afford to live in
 - Increasing the number of homes to meet the rising demand for housing
 - Decent, safe homes that are appropriate for people's needs
 - Support for people in most housing need
- 3. A great start and good schools for all our children
 - Children starting school ready to learn
 - Children achieving well at school
 - Young people leaving school ready for life and work
- 4. Better health, better lives
 - Healthy lifestyles focusing on prevention and early intervention
 - Creating choice and control
 - Joining up services
 - Safeguarding children and adults
- 5. Safe, clean and active communities
 - Supporting communities
 - Building safe communities
 - Help maintain an attractive and welcoming environment
- 6. A well-run council, using all our resources to deliver our priorities:
 - Use all our resources wisely
 - Work in partnership
 - Make sure we are well governed, accountable and legally compliant

Children, Young People and Families Plan 2017 - 2020

The proposal is a major part of delivering the shared partnership priorities of the Children, Young People and Families Plan 2017 – 2020;

- Ensuring that our children start school ready to learn;
- Accelerating education attainment and achievement;
- Ensuring our children and young people are ready for life and work;
- Safeguarding the most vulnerable and providing early support to families;
- Reducing health and social inequalities, including tackling child poverty, reducing obesity and improving oral health
- Listening to the voice of children, young people and families and working with them to shape services and promote active citizenship

The current Children and Families Plan 2017- 2020 for the District is also focused on ensuring children are ready for school, achieve their potential at school and are ready for life and work alongside ensuring robust safeguarding, reducing health and social inequalities and listening to the voice of the child.

Integrated Early Years Strategy, 2015-18

The Integrated Early Years Strategy (IEYS) 2015-2018 for children 0-7 years demonstrates the District wide commitment already in place by key partners working together to provide aligned services which promote prevention, early intervention and targeted support for children and families focused on improving six key outcomes and reduce inequalities for young children. The IEYS Strategy Group works closely the Better Start (10 year Big Lottery funded £49 million programme) which provides on-going research and learning into what works to improve outcomes for young children.

Future in Minds

This plan for the next three years has dedicated funding attached, and addresses the mental and emotional health needs of children and young people in Bradford. There are various work streams, including Early Help, Mental Health in Schools, and workforce development.

Health and Social Care Act (2012)

The Local authority has a statutory responsibility outlined in the Health and Social Care Act (2012) for delivering and commissioning public health services for children 5-19 years and since October 2015 also the responsibility for children's public health commissioning for 0-5 years.

The Local Authority is responsible through the above Act (2012) for improving the health and wellbeing of the population. Statutory Health and Wellbeing Boards and public health have a key role in the development of the statutory Joint Health and Wellbeing (HWB) Strategy which informs commissioning. This also includes delivering on key Public Health Outcomes as set in the Department of Health's Public Health Outcomes Framework.

APPENDIX 3 - Working with our Partners

Health and WellBeing Board

The Health and Wellbeing Board brings together leaders from the local health and care system, including the Council, the NHS and the Community and Voluntary sector. Our shared ambition is: To create a sustainable health and care economy that supports people to be healthy, well and independent. This includes the delivery of the Health Inequalities Action Plan and the Health and Wellbeing Strategy.

Our local Joint HWB Strategy 2014-2017 was based on the Marmot Review (2010) and features a strong focus on ensuring children have the best start in life and reach their potential. It also focused on improving inequalities as well as improving overall outcomes. The refreshed HWB strategy currently under development will include a focus on best start in life for the district's children.

The Bradford District Partnership (BDP)

Coordinates and supports the work of the partners (in the public, private and voluntary and community sectors) and partnerships across the district. These partners share responsibility for making sure that our shared direction established via the New Deal is delivered through the new District Plan 2016 - 20.

The Bradford District Partnership will ensure that the District Plan 2016 - 20 is delivered in the best way possible - and that all the partners work closely together to make things happen. In doing so it will champion the wellbeing and prosperity of all of the district's residents and ensure that they have the opportunity to realise their true potential.

Bradford Children's Trust

Bradford's Children's Trust recognises that stronger partnerships, greater integration of services and a shared purpose lead to better services for children, young people and families – especially the most vulnerable. The core principle of a shared commitment to improve the lives of children, young people and families – enshrined in the 'duty to cooperate' – remains as important as it ever was.

The vision of Bradford's Children's Trust is that every child and young person should be supported to have the best possible start in life, and be given active help and encouragement towards achieving the outcomes identified in the following themes:

- Be healthy
- Stay safe
- Enjoy and achieve
- Make a positive contribution
- Achieve economic well-being

Bradford Safeguarding Children Board

Bradford Safeguarding Children Board (BSCB) is a statutory body established under the Children Act 2004. It is independently chaired and consists of senior representatives of all the principal agencies and organisations working together to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people in the Bradford District. Its statutory objectives are to:

- Co-ordinate local work undertaken by all agencies and individuals to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people.
- Ensure the effectiveness of that work

Working Together to Safeguard Children (2015) sets out the responsibilities of the Council's and its key partners in regard to early help. Bradford Safeguarding Children Board has responsibility to monitor the effectiveness of the 'Early Help' being provided to children and families. Ofsted is required to inspect Early Help as part of their inspections of "services for children in need of help and protection, children looked after and care leavers".

Education Covenant

The approach to achieving the best for children, young people and families is driven by the Covenant's priorities. We have clear aspirations for Bradford's children and young people, but it is very clear that the solutions will be a partnership between the people of Bradford and the organisations which deliver services. The participation of young people in making these plans happen is critical.

The Council's offer:

- Keeping schools and education as a top priority
- Driving School Improvement
- Promoting learning from the very best
- Attracting, retaining and developing the best school leaders and teachers
- Providing school places by working together with government
- Helping to make sure children are ready for school
- Supporting children and young people to be ready for work and life
- Raising aspirations through cultural opportunities.

People Can

People Can has been initiated by a range of partners who are concerned about a range of challenges faced by the Bradford District and who want to do something positive about them. People Can emerged out of Bradford Council's New Deal thinking and has involved people from the voluntary and community sector from the outset in its design.

The start point of People Can Make a Difference is recognition of the fantastic voluntary work already being carried out in the Bradford District. People Can is an open invitation to everyone to take part, help others and make a difference.

People can make the difference in a number of ways:

- **Be Neighbourly** carry out small, informal, everyday acts of kindness
- Community action create a new group, activity or event with likeminded people
- Volunteer devote some of your time to helping others
- Raise money use your skills to raise funds for a community project.

Early education providers and schools

There are clear links between good quality early intervention and improvements in attendance and attainment at school and early education across the key stages of education. Schools play a key and valued role in the delivery of early help across the District. This will continue to be the case and the intention is that through the new arrangement schools can be provided with meaningful support, advice and problem solving approaches that help them in this role.

West Yorkshire Police

Ensuring that there is alignment to the new operating procedures for community policing. This will best utilise a significant amount of intelligence that the police service maintain through their daily interactions with the diverse range of our District. The police and community services being able to understand the main issues for families within communities better supports their abilities to tackle issues around vulnerable victims, managing public protection and reducing crime and anti-social behaviour.

Health Services

We will look at the strong links of all aspects of health working with partners who commission or deliver school nursing, health visiting, primary care, acute hospital services, community services, mental health services and other key services in order to move this programme of work forward.

Voluntary and Community Sector

Bradford has a valued partnership with Voluntary and Community Sectors. Strengthening and developing this partnership is a critical feature of ensuring a multi-layered response to address the needs of families and build resilience within communities.

Better Start Bradford

A Big Lottery funded partnership programme over ten years working with families in three wards – Bowling and Barkerend; Little Horton and Bradford Moor to help give children the best possible start in life.

Born in Bradford

Born in Bradford is one of the largest research studies in the World, tracking the lives of over 30,000 Bradfordians to find out what influences the health and wellbeing of families.

Signs of Safety

We will build on our partnership strengths such as the adoption of Signs of Safety as our assessment and planning tool and the strengths which emerged from our recent partnership Joint Targeted Area Inspection.

We have already adopted Signs of Safety when planning with families both at early help and within child protection conferences.

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APPENDIX 4 – Prevention and Early Help Outcomes Framework 2017 – during consultation we will focus down on those outcomes most directly impacted by Prevention and Early Help.

Outcome 1 - Children live in caring and resilient communities

1.1 Children are safe

- a. Children are safe within the home
- Reduce incidents of Domestic Violence
- Reduce numbers of looked after children
- Reduce numbers of children subject to Child Protection Plans
- b. Children are safe within communities
- Reduction in ASBOs
- Reduced road traffic accidents

1.2 Children live in resilient communities

- a. Improved social cohesion
- Percentage of people who agree that their local area is the place where people live together harmoniously
- b. Increased participation from communities
- Increasing numbers reported in 'People Can' projects
- Increased participation from communities in the education covenant

1.3 Children experience positive relationships

- a. Children have improved relationships within the home
- Increased levels of positive attachment in the under 5s
- Reduced call outs for domestic abuse by the police
- b. Children with complex needs have positive relationships
- · Reduced number of children with complex needs living out of area
- Increased community involvement through short breaks and/or Personal Budgets

Outcome 2 - Children learn and develop skills for life

2.1 Children achieve

a. Children achieve in school

- Foundation Stage Profile results improve to meet the national average (currently a Good level of development) AND gaps between our
 vulnerable groups and boys and girls and their peers nationally reduce (PHOF 1.02)
- KS1 results improve and narrowing of gap for vulnerable groups
- KS4 results improve and narrowing of gap for vulnerable groups
- Post 16 results improve and narrowing of gap for vulnerable groups

b. More children go onto higher education

• Increased number attending university and narrowing the gap for vulnerable groups

c. Young people go onto high quality employment

- Reduced unemployment figures
- Increased high level jobs figures
- 16-18 year olds not in education, employment or training (NEET) (PHOF 1.05)

2.2 Children learn in high quality environments

a. School are of high quality

Increased numbers of schools with leadership graded good or better particularly in deprived areas

b. Early years provision is of high quality

 The proportion of early years settings achieving good or better outcomes in their Ofsted inspections increases to at least meet the national averages particularly in deprived areas

2.3 Children participate in learning experiences from 2-19

a. Children attend schools

- Improved attendance levels at all key stages including the take up of their place, if eligible, at early years settings for children of non-statutory school age; to include pupil absence (PHOF 1.03) and other relevant indicators
- First time entrants to the justice system (PHOF 1.04)

b. Children participate in learning 16-18 in line with RPA

Improved participation levels Post 16 year on year

c. Increased take up of places in pre-school learning (early education and childcare)

• Increased take up of eligible 2 year-olds for the universal offer and 3 and 4 year-olds for both the universal offer and the extended additional 15 hours (i.e. the '30' hours offer).

Outcome 3 - Children are healthy and well and reach their potential *

1.1

- a. Fewer baby deaths in first year of life *
- Infant mortality rate reduces and at a faster rate in deprived areas (PHOF 4.01 & NHSOF 1.6i)
- More babies are breast fed at discharge and 6-8 weeks (PHOF 2.02)
- Reduced smoking for pregnant women at delivery and increased smoke free homes in infancy (PHOF 2.03)
- Improved attachment and bonding and maternal mental health (see Outcome 1.3)
- b. Fewer children are obese or overweight and there is an increase in physical activity(could remove physical activity as obesity reduction means increased PA and better nutrition by definition)
- In reception aged 5-6 years (PHOF 2.06)
- At age 10-11 years (PHOF 2.06)
- c. Children will improved oral health
- Decayed, missing, filled teeth (dmft) at age 5 figures improve and at faster rate in deprived areas (PHOF 4.02 & NHSOF 3.7i)
- d. Children will be emotionally resilient and make good lifestyle choices
- Reduction in self harm admissions (PHOF 2.10)
- Anything else from Future in Minds dashboard approach for mental health tbc
- Smoking prevalence 15 year olds (PHOF 2.09)
- Under 18 conceptions (PHOF 2.04)
- e. Children will less often be admitted to hospital due to illness or accidents
- Rates of admissions to hospital for young children aged 0-4 years reduces
- Rates of admission due to accidents reduces (0-14 years and 15-24 years) reduces (PHOF 2.07)
- Killed and Seriously Injured on roads(KSIs for Children & Young People)

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APPENDIX 5 - Key services in scope for the proposed 0-19 Prevention and Early Help Service (Children's Services and Children Centres)

Detailed consultation will be undertaken with affected teams and Trade Unions on proposed structures, job profiles and grading.

Education, Employment & Skills		
Early Childhood Services including the seven children's centre clusters		
Education Safeguarding		
Primary Achievement Team / Literacy / Moderation		
Children's Specialist Services – Targeted Early Help		
Targeted Early Help District-wide teams		
Targeted Early Help Cluster Teams x 5		
Youth Offending Team (service support functions only)		
Total Vacancies	13.3 x FTE	
Total number of staff in scope (including the table below) 468.2 x FTE		

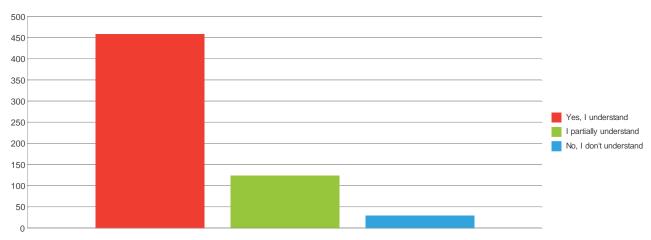
All the services below within Education, Employment & Skills include financial, administrative, performance, data and project posts. These service support posts are in scope:

Employment and Skills Service	
Commissioning Team	
Enterprise	
Funding and Sufficiency	
Skills House	
Skills for Work	
Kershaw House	
Disability Services	
Keighley Training Group	
Placements and Work Experience	
Music and Arts	
Music and Arts	
Achievement Service	
Admin Team	
Education Liaison Team	
Information Management Team	
LAC Virtual School	
Governor Service	
Curriculum ICT	
Broadband	
SEND & Behaviour	
SEND & Behaviour	
Education Psychology	
SEBD Team	
SEN Administration	
Communication & Learning	
SEN Team	
SEN Projects	
Business Management	
Sensory Service	
SEN Early Years Intervention	
Total Vacancies	11.8 x fTE
Total number of staff in scope (including the table below)	468.2 x FTE

APPENDIX 6 - Summary from Engagement

The Council's Children's Services undertook a five week public engagement, from 17 July 2017 to 20 August 2017. Below analysis outlines the responses to the questions:

Do you understand our Vision (what we plan to do)?



612 people answered the above question

Q2. Do you agree with our vision?				
Total responses	609 (6 people chose not to answer this question)			
Yes, I agree	481			
I partially agree	101			
No, I don't agree	27			

Q3. Have we identified the right outcomes that will ensure children and young people have the best start in life?				
Total responses	603 (12 people chose not to answer this question)			
Yes	535			
No	68			

Q4. To what extent do you agree with local areas?	Strongly Agree	g parts of Agree	Neither agree nor	o deliver se	Strongly Disagree
	Agree		disagree		Disagree
Services should target support at the most vulnerable families	44%	40%	12%	3%	2%
(611 responses)	,	1070	,	0,0	
Early Help areas will help families access					
support in a more joined up way	42%	41%	14%	2%	1%
(612 responses)					
Early Help areas will improve services for					
families	41%	40%	15%	3%	1%
(611 responses)					
Early Help areas will help to ensure that					
communities have services that will meet	41%	37%	17%	3%	1%
the needs of the local population	7170	37 76	1770	370	1 70
(610 responses)					

Q5. Do you agree that by developing Early Help we will provide better help for families?					
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Work with families to get positive solutions that will last and help stop family breakdown (609 responses)	48%	38%	11%	2%	1%
Have a 'whole system' approach, so agencies work together and are clear on the support they give. (605 responses)	41%	40%	16%	2%	1%
Build employees confidence and skills to support them in working in positive ways with families. (605 responses)	43%	39%	14%	3%	1%
Make sure that every pound counts so that we can afford services for children and families in the future. (605 responses	51%	32%	13%	2%	2%

From the above table you can see that the majority of respondents selected 'strongly agree and / or agree' that by the Council and Partners developing Early Help it will provide better help for families.

Some of the comments from respondents are below:

"Ensure services are not duplicated and families are working in a holistic key worker approach";

"The earlier the involvement the faster solutions can be found";

"It would be more effective if Early Help workers all used the same recording systems"

Q6. How important are the following to you when you want to get services for children, young people and families in Bradford?					
	Most Important	Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Least Important
Clear information about what services are available (606 responses)	48%	32%	16%	4%	1%
Support in a crisis (608 responses)	51%	31%	13%	4%	1%
Services that I can access close to home (602 responses)	40%	33%	21%	5%	2%
Access to support and advice from trained professionals (602 responses)	42%	33%	18%	5%	2%
Free services (605 responses)	46%	29%	18%	5%	3%
Time of session (598 responses)	36%	27%	24%	10%	3%
Activities on offer (603 responses)	42%	28%	20%	7%	3%
Activities for all the family (603 responses)	40%	28%	20%	9%	4%

The majority of respondents believe that all of the above services for children, young people and families are very important. A common theme throughout the comments related to, access to services needs to be clearer, more signposting so families know what is available locally and across the District.

Q7. How important are the areas below in providing support to families?							
	Most Important	Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Least Important		
Parenting support (587 responses)	50%	27%	17%	5%	2%		
Family mediation (581 responses)	37%	32%	23%	6%	3%		
Child development and play (583 responses)	41%	30%	23%	4%	1%		
Managing children's behaviour (579 responses)	44%	34%	17%	4%	1%		
Family relationships (587 responses)	45%	31%	19%	4%	1%		
Practical support and coordinated work with health services (585)	40%	34%	21%	4%	1%		
Support with accessing education (587)	47%	27%	21%	4%	1%		
Mental health – support for young people (598)	60%	22%	13%	4%	1%		

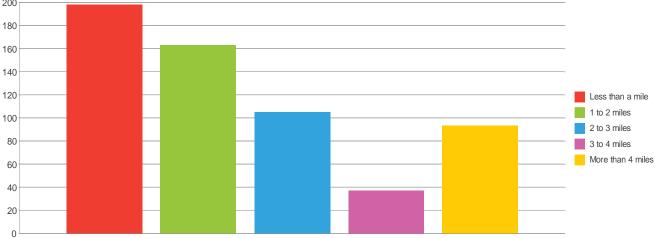
The majority of respondents identified 'mental health – support for young people' as the most important area in providing support to families and this was reflected in the comments people made. These included:

"Mental Health services are very difficult to access and are very important as problems can escalate quickly".

"The rising number of children suffering with mental health issues is worrying".

"Education and support for mental health for young people needs to be a priority".





596 responses to the above questions (19 people chose not to answer this question). The chart indicates that people would prefer to access services on a locality footprint, with 60% of the respondents identifying they would travel up to 2 miles to access services.

Q9. By what means?	
Total responses	587 (28 people chose not to respond to this question)
Public transport	35% (205)
Walk	33% (192)
Car	28% (167)
Taxi	3% (16)
Cycle	(1%) (7)

Q10. What services do you currently access and how often?							
	Everyday	Once a week	Every 2 weeks	Once a month	Every 6 months	Once a year	N/A
Children's Centres (473 responses)	11%	16%	4%	6%	3%	4%	56%
Voluntary organisations (472 responses)	9%	19%	6%	10%	5%	7%	45%
GP / Doctors (504 responses)	8%	6%	6%	19%	30%	16%	16%
Other health services (e.g. Health Visitor) (467 responses)	8%	8%	6%	10%	17%	12%	40%
Youth Service (566 responses)	16%	44%	7%	5%	2%	4%	23%

To ensure we reached as many stakeholders as possible from across the District we asked respondents for their postcode. This allowed us to identify those that access services and the areas which they live.

Out of 615 responses, 540 people provided us with their postcode (this included 7 people outside of the Bradford District. The results are below:



Number of responses by postcode:

BD1	Bradford City Centre, Little Germany,	<10	BD13	Cullingworth, Clayton Heights	<10
	Goitside, Longlands, Independent			Denholme, Queensbury, Thornton,	
550	Quarter, West End, City Park		DD44	School Green	- 10
BD2	Eccleshill, Five Lane Ends, parts of	72	BD14	Clayton	<10
	Undercliffe, Fagley, Bolton Woods, Poplars Farm, Swain House,				
	Ashbourne, High House, Grove				
	House				
BD3	Barkerend, Bradford Moor, Thornbury,	61	BD15	Allerton, Norr, Wilsden, Sandy	<10
	Eastbrook, Pollard Park, parts of			Lane	1.0
	Laisterdyke, Undercliffe, Wapping				
BD4	Bierley, East Bowling, East Bierley,	15	BD16	Bingley, Cottingley, Eldwick,	25
	Laisterdyke, Tong, Tong Street,			Harden	
	Holme Wood, Dudley Hill, Tyersal,				
	Swaine Green, Cutler Heights, Tong				
DDE	Village		DD47	Deilden Ohinler	40
BD5	Bankfoot, Little Horton, West Bowling, Canterbury, Marshfields, Ripleyville,	50	BD17	Baildon, Shipley	<10
BD6	Buttershaw, Wibsey, Woodside,	<10	BD18	Saltaire, Shipley, Windhill, Wrose	14
500	Westwood Park, Odsal, Staithgate,	<10	סוסם	Saltaire, Shipley, Willumii, Wiose	14
	parts of Horton Bank Top				
	(Cooperville)				
BD7	Great Horton, Lidget Green,	<10	BD20	Cononley, Cross Hills, Glusburn,	17
	Scholemoor, Horton Bank Top, Horton			Kildwick, Silsden, Steeton, Sutton-	
	Grange			in-Craven	
BD8	Manningham, Girlington, White	30	BD21	Hainworth, Keighley	103
	Abbey, Four Lane Ends, Whetley,				
	Westbourne Green, West Park, Lower				
	Grange, Rhodesway, Crossley Hall,				
BD9	Fairweather Green, Belle Vue Frizinghall, Heaton, Daisy Hill,	15	BD22	Cowling, Haworth, Oakworth,	51
503	Haworth Road Estate, Chellow	13	0022	Oxenhope, Cross Roads	31
	Heights, Chellow Grange			Chemiope, Oross Rodus	
BD10	Apperley Bridge, parts of Eccleshill,	44	LS29	ILKLEY, Addingham, Ben	<10
	Greengates, Idle, Ravenscliffe,			Rhydding, Burley in Wharfedale,	1.0
	Thackley, Thorpe Edge			Ilkley, Menston	
BD12	Low Moor, Oakenshaw, Wyke, Lower	<10			
	Wyke, Delph Hill				

Respondents were given the opportunity to make any additional comments, these are summarised below:

Communication:	 Better levels of communication and listening to what people need and want; There needs to be more information provided / published in alternative languages; Technical language on leaflets and survey has been difficult to understand. Questions are too intensive for our age group. More face to face drop-in sessions
Working Practice	 Having a clear structure as to how services can be accessed; Reduce duplication and identify what is working well We need access to services in the local area Closer working relationships with all local services, play groups, faith groups and youth services Empower communities and families (skill them up to be able to assess and trouble shoot out of a crisis themselves with minimum external input. All services access the same systems (Police, Council, Schools, GPs, Youth Service)

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More activities to expand young children's social experiences including those with disabilities
More youth clubs
More youth workers in schools

BRADFORD DISTRICT OUTCOMES FRAMEWORK

Appendix 7b – Case studies under the proposed model

Scenario 1 - Sanam and Family

Sanam is a single parent with two children Azra aged 3 and Saeed aged 12. She separated from her husband due to emotional abuse and domestic violence on occasions. Saeed has started High School and there have been several violent episodes at school and at home one resulting in him kicking a hole in his bedroom door. Azra attends the local nursery and her overall social and emotional development is delayed.

Whole Family Approach of proposed Prevention and Early Help

The proposed whole family approach would ensure a holistic family based approach; the health visitor who is involved with Azra would be linked into the approach for Saeed so a whole family approach is taken. The school nurse and Pastoral support lead would work together with the family and involve the Primary Mental Health Link Worker if needed. A Signs of Safety based plan would be made and the school nurse would support Sanam attend the Domestic Abuse Recovery Together group enabling Sanam to gain confidence and move on with opportunities to develop her CV and search for jobs.

In addition, signposting to debt management support would be provided. Saeed would be linked into after school activities and start to attend school regularly. The health visitor works with the nursery and identifies interventions to help Azra to develop her language and communication skills and they are all fully aware of the challenges for Sanam. Azra also gets back on track in terms of her development before she starts school and Sanam joins a 8 week course in family support and then volunteers to advocate on behalf of local families where English is not their first language. She is now looking for part time work in this area.

Scenario 2 - Susan, Peter and Family

Susan and James have three boys aged 2, 6 and 10 years; James, David and Luke. Peter is unemployed and Susan has a low paid part time job. James has a government funded nursery place as his family are living on a low income. James struggles to play with other children, his language is very limited and he has had difficulties settling into nursery.

Family Approach of proposed Prevention and Early Help Team

The new family approach will ensure the whole family is involved. An integrated two year assessment is carried out between the health visitor and nursery key worker and the health visitor links with the area Prevention and Early Help Team and a whole family plan is agreed with the family. This identifies a lot of conflict between the parents and extended family. A key worker will work with the family with the aim of reducing family conflict, support activities to support James and improve his development including support with routines and play at home and ways to reduce family conflict. The key worker will liaise with the health visitor and nursery to ensure a joined up approach and that James makes good progress. His father, Peter is depressed and has been encouraged to seek support from his GP which he has followed up and he has now managed to find a part time job locally.

APPENDIX 7c – governance arrangements for the proposed Prevention and Early Help partnership framework

PREVENTION AND EARLY HELP DELIVERY BOARD focused on improving outcomes and reducing inequalities (see outcomes framework)

Public Health Teams will be aligned to Prevention and Early Help model and there will be clear pathways and referral mechanisms to family support and prevention interventions.

There will be an agreed menu of evidence based interventions across the District so referral from all services are easily accessible

There will be a clear alignment to other services such as Health, Police, maternity and specialist services, making referral and access much easier.

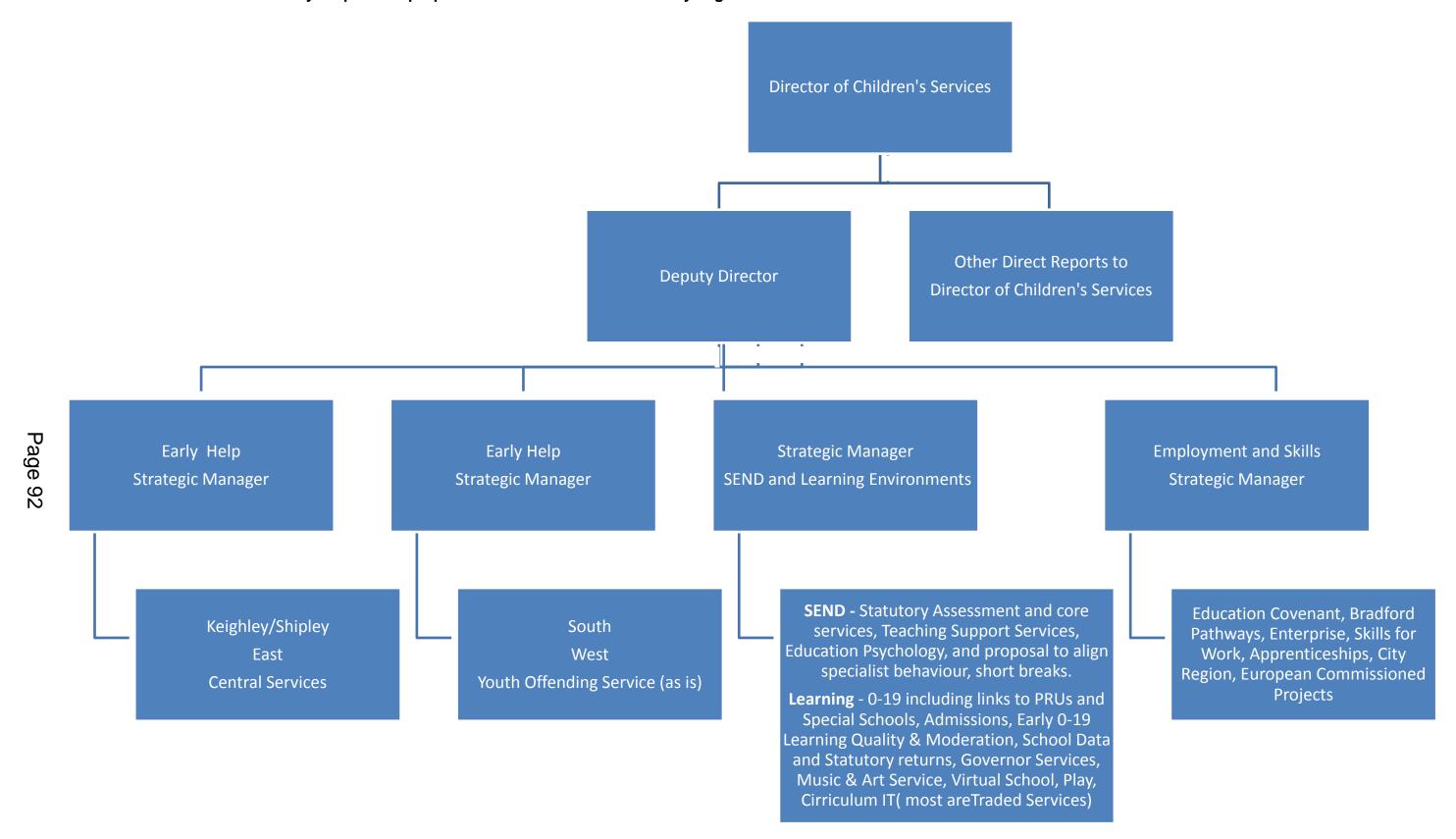


Public Health 0-19
services will be
commissioned and
aligned to the Prevention
and Early Help model.
This will include
prioritisation according to
the locality footprint and
health needs.

There will be consistent focus on improving outcomes and reducing inequalities for the district for Children and young people age 0-19 across all services for the district.

The 0-19 public health services will be commissioned so that they are co-located and integrated with the Prevention & Early Help Teams

APPENDIX 8 – 0-19 Prevention and Early Help team - proposed functions which will be fully aligned with the commissioned Public Health 0-19 Children's services



The teams and functions below will work together with communities, universal and commissioned services, for example, co-delivery of groups with schools, short breaks for disabled children and young people and commissioned key workers Practice leads and champions will be identified			
The proposed core functions in each of the four areas:	The following are proposed to retain a district-wide focus:		
 Area Leader: To champion and facilitate local partnerships to support delivery To oversee, implement and report on an Area Outcome Plan To lead the area teams and oversee delivery of high quality services To ensure that children, young people and their families have a voice and influence in the area offer Facilitate integration and co-location with aligned services Have responsibility for maintaining specialist knowledge and experience in a defined areas of the prevention service, leading on this throughout the service: Early childhood development & children's centre core offer Young people's support Commissioning 	 Early Education and Childcare Sufficiency Strategy: Meet childcare sufficiency duties including universal 2 year-old 15 hour offer and 30 hour offer for 3 and 4 year-olds and working in collaboration with School Admissions Team Sufficiency strategy and planning and gap analysis Market development and communications 		
Prevention Planning Team: To work with partners and local communities to develop and implement a offer of evidence based programmes in response to needs To ensure that the following areas are central to the offer: Pearly childhood development and school readiness Parenting skills through the age ranges To each and wellbeing To facilitate co-delivery with volunteers and service users A pot of funding will be made available in each area to support community involvement in delivery of prevention activities.	Service support: Data analysis and predicting/targeting needs Performance overview/reports Administration Commissioning oversight Financial monitoring Task focused projects		

Public Health 0-19 services

- Statutory responsibility for delivering and commissioning public health services for children 5-19 years and responsibility for children's public health commissioning for 0-5 years. Delivering on the Department of Health's Public Health Outcomes Framework.
- The functions under these will include:
 - Delivery of the five mandated health checks by Health Visiting teams universally to all women antenatal, at birth, 6 months, 1 year and at 2 years
 - Leading work with partners to deliver on the Healthy Child Programme and high impact areas for all children 0-19 years, providing clinical leadership to prevention teams and providing an enhanced service to women who are identified with issues such as post natal depression or child health problems
 - Delivering on the National Child Measurement Programme, hearing screening and signposting to screening and other services as appropriate
 - Identifying health needs through assessment of school age children at Reception, Year 6, Year
 10 and transition so needs of children are identified and addressed early with signposting to and working with other key services as appropriate.
- Local authorities also have a statutory responsibility to provide or commission oral health improvement programmes as considered appropriate. This will include:

Early Help Gateway (incorporating Families Information Service):

- Statutory duty to establish and maintain a service providing information, advice and assistance to families with children up to 20 years old (25 years for those with additional needs) regarding: Childcare and Early Education, Parent & Toddler Groups, activities for Children with Additional Needs, leisure activities for all ages and abilities and Family Support Services.
- Signpost families to support agencies and make referrals on their behalf for issues including: children's behaviour, financial difficulties, mental health and domestic violence
- Respond to requests for support from the Corporate Contact Centre
- Provide an email text service for families in English and also Polish, Slovak, Czech, Urdu & Punjabi

Delivery of the fluoride varnish programme Supervised tooth brushing in schools Support epidemiology and Screening in schools. • A specification will be developed which will ensure that these services are fully aligned to the new proposed functions and the locality footprint. Family Key Worker team: **Intensive Family Support:** Family Group Conferencing Facilitate Early Help Panels Preventing Repeat children removed by proceedings • Proactively identify families with complex support needs, for example, Families First Payment by Results and families affected by substance • Preventing entry into care misuse, domestic abuse and parental mental health To supervise high quality case work with individual families To deliver Payment By Results targets across the area through improved family outcomes **Early Education and Childcare Quality: Education Attendance and Safeguarding Leads:** • Ensuring the highest possible standards of childcare quality through a Overview of educational attendance rigorous support and challenge approach with settings (Private, Predictive targeting to improve attendance Independent and Voluntary providers) and childminders who are in Traded whole school work receipt of early years funding where Ofsted judgments are Inadequate, Safeguarding training & guidance to settings and schools Requires Improvement, Not Met and non-compliant and for other • Attendance penalty notices and legal action childcare providers (including out of school clubs) where Early Years Foundation Stage children are present to monitor quality and safeguarding. Deliver services to potential new childcare (child minders & group) ettings) providers from the registration process, ensuring their practice and facilities are of a high standard, to meet the welfare, early dearning and development needs of children in the Early Years + oundations Stage. Maintain the partnership links to promote LA District trends and patterns to identify and promote the strategies to ensure all children receive a great start to improve outcomes at the end of EYFS. **Early Education and Childcare Take-up: Families First Payment by Results Lead:** Increasing the uptake of all eligible children for early education places 'Think Family' Workforce development via outreach directly with parents in the community, community groups Signs of Safety and organisations and other key partners such as BSB. VCS Oversight and delivery of Families First Outcome Plan organisations. • Link to commissioned Key Workers service Support children's centres and other partners to increase the uptake of early education in their reach areas. Key link between Early Years in particular sufficiency, early years funding team, quality of early education/child care provision and partner organisations to ensure a smooth flow of two-way information about services / support for families. **Diversity and cohesion** Engage and support Asylum Seekers, Refugees, EU Migrant Workers and Roma families and families from the travelling community to access to education, to promote community cohesion and to offer support and

guidance to schools. Focus on school attendance and reducing the numbers of children who are registered as missing education.

APPENDIX 9 – Proposed changes to children's centres aligned to proposed Prevention and Early Help areas.

The proposal is for the children's centre core offer to be delivered by 0-19 Prevention and Early Help teams managed by the Council. It is proposed that delivery will continue through the following sites. These sites will continue to ensure a geographical spread across each constituency and maintains delivery in those centres with present higher levels of activity. We would plan to maintain and support continued delivery of midwifery & health visiting services across the centres and develop community or family hubs over time.

A FULL (F) centre is expected to deliver around 25 hours of delivery per week for 48 weeks per year. An OUTREACH (O) centre is expected to deliver a minimum of 8 hours of activities with children and families per week.

Area	Sites
West	Midland Road (F)
	Abbey Green (F)
	St Edmunds (F)
	Farnham/Grange (F)
	Allerton (F)
	Crossley Hall (F)
	Heaton (F)
	Frizinghall (F)
	Thornton (O)
	Lilycroft/Farcliffe propose to change to
	Outreach base
	Princeville propose to change to Outreach
	base.
East	Barkerend (F)
	Mortimer House (F)
	Communityworks (F)
	Gateway (F)
	Fagley (F)
	Canterbury (F) Woodroyd (F)
	Burnett Fields (F)
	burnett rields (i)
	Parkland propose to change to Outreach base.
South	Holme Wood (F)
	Reevy Hill (F)
	Woodside (F)
	Lidget Green (F)
	Victoria Hall (O)
	Wyke propose to change to Outreach base.
	Tyersal propose to change to Outreach base.
	Bierley propose to change to Outreach base.

Shipley	Owlet (F) Strong Close (F)
	Bingley 2 (O) Bingley 1 (O) Baildon (O)
	Hirst Wood propose to change to Outreach base.
Keighley	Low Fold (F) Rainbow (F)
	Ilkley 1 (O) Ilkley 2 (O) Daisy Chain (O)
	Tree Tops (O)
	Highfield propose to change to Outreach base.

APPENDIX 10 – SEN Improvement Test

Ī	Objective	Evidence / Data
	Improved access to education and associated services including the curriculum, wider school activities, facilities and equipment, with	Area based activities which are close to children and families; we will continue to deliver the short breaks statement and activities to support disabled young people to access to local leisure.
	reference to the LA's Accessibility Strategy	Local Hubs building expertise around disability issues will increase access for disabled children and childcare.
	Improved access to specialist staff, both education and other professionals, including any external support and / or outreach services.	We intend to ensure that there is a strong link with the proposals to transform SEND services which will include dedicated and specialist support to universal services particularly childcare and early education; this enhances the offer at a local level.
U	Improved access to suitable accommodation	An element of the proposed Early Help model includes a commissioning pot which can be deployed to increase Children and Young People access where they need some additional support beyond reasonable adjustments.
age (Children and Young People who need individualised packages of support should be signposted to the statutory single Education Health Care Plan Assessment processes.
97	Improved supply of suitable places	The proposed Early Help model includes on-going capacity around childcare; access and quality, there will be links with workers and the proposed transformed SEND Services to increase accessibility for Children and Young People with disabilities.
•	Confirmation from the host school that they are willing to receive pupils with communication and interaction needs	N/A
	Confirmation of specific transport arrangements	An area based model will increase accessibility of services for Children, Young People and Families.
		For those Children and Young People with higher needs a referral to assessment for a personal budget may be required. A range of targeted inclusive activities for disabled children are also commissioned.
	Confirmation of how the proposals will be funded and the planning staffing arrangements put in place	The proposed Early Help model will be funded through Council base budget, this includes provision for short breaks, specialist behaviour and inclusion for disabled children and young people.

Appendix 11 – Equalities Impact Assessment

Department	Children's Services	Version no	0.2
Assessed by	Mark Anslow/Maureen Braden	Date created	10 August 2017
Approved by	Judith Kirk	Date approved	
Updated by		Date updated	14 September 2017
Final approval		Date signed off	

The Equality Act 2010 requires the Council to have due regard to the need to

- eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation;
- advance equality of opportunity between different groups; and
- foster good relations between different groups

Section 1: What is being assessed?

1.1 Name of proposal to be assessed.

A proposed remodelling of the Prevention and Early Help offer across the District.

1.2 Describe the proposal under assessment and what change it would result in if implemented.

Ensuring effective Prevention and Early Help arrangements for babies, children, young people and families is an essential responsibility and statutory requirement of the Council and its partners.

The way key services are delivered is being transformed; this is due to the need to:

- continue to meet statutory requirements
- ensuring good outcomes for children are supported
- as much resource as possible is deployed to work directly with children, families and communities
- make financial savings required by 2020/21.

Our proposed Prevention and Early Help arrangements have to tackle inequality in order to improve the long term prospects of families most in need.

In light of the reduced budget, the proposed model includes a combination of a small group of central services and four new Prevention and Early Help teams, based on the current Parliamentary constituencies.

The following services are proposed to continue to be delivered centrally:

- Early Help Gateway (incorporating Families Information Service);
- Oversight of education safeguarding
- specialist behaviour support and inclusion;
- short breaks;
- intensive family support;
- youth offending;
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• service support, for example admin, finance and performance management

The proposed model will create new 0-19 Prevention and Early Help Teams which will target those wards/areas with the poorest outcome and bring together the delivery of:

- the children's centre core offer across the District;
- targeted key work with individual children and families (Families First);
- parenting support;
- early education and childcare quality and take up;
- education attendance;
- diversity and cohesion.

This will bring together a number of key partnerships, services and commissioning plans. Based on our Families' Needs Assessment, it is proposed the four teams cover:

- Keighley/Shipley combined
- East
- West
- South

The proposed model will support the Council's previous intentions to procure Public Health children's services services including Health Visiting, Family Nurse Partnership, School Nursing and Oral Health and will be an opportunity to align services to the constituency footprint. This will also be based on consultation and needs as identified in the Service Reviews for Health Visiting and School Nursing in 2016.

The proposed model also aligns with the Council's Youth Services and ward partnerships.

In order to achieve the required savings we expect this will lead to a reduction in the region of 220-240 (including all seven Children's Centre clusters) full time equivalents across the affected teams and services.

The proposal means that the children's centre core offer will be delivered through the 0-19 Prevention and Early Help Teams. It is also proposed that we align children's centre sites to the Parliamentary constituency boundaries and that the following buildings are reconfigured as Outreach bases (which are expected to deliver a minimum of 8 hours of activities per week with children and families):

- Hirst Wood:
- Highfield;
- Parkland;
- Farcliffe & Lilycroft;
- Princeville;
- Bierley;
- Tyersal;
- Wyke.

Section 2: What the impact of the proposal is likely to be

2.1 Will this proposal advance <u>equality of opportunity</u> for people who share a protected characteristic and/or <u>foster good relations</u> between people who share a protected characteristic and those that do not? If yes, please explain further.

This proposal is intended to advance the equality of opportunity and a range of outcomes for babies, children, young people and families through universal services in all areas but with a higher level of targeting in those area in which children experience the poorest outcomes.

In the top ten wards, which will be targeted with enhanced support in the proposed model, there is a strong relationship between deprivation and the poorest outcomes for children and young people.

Proposed area teams will ensure delivery across the district as a whole and will ensure that services are accessible to the needs of our diverse communities.

2.2 Will this proposal have a positive impact and help to <u>eliminate discrimination</u> and harassment against, or the victimisation of people who share a protected characteristic? If yes, please explain further.

Essential statutory services will be maintained by the LA, as well as those that deliver support to the vulnerable and disadvantaged e.g. through universal and target services.

A model based across areas footprint will help to eliminate discrimination and harassment by fostering a greater understanding of each other's needs, and through early identification, assessment and intervention using specialists and high quality practitioners improve outcomes for children, young people and families.

2.3 Will this proposal potentially have a negative or disproportionate impact on people who share a protected characteristic? If yes, please explain further.

The equality assessment carried out indicates that this proposal is likely to have no or a low impact, and so there is no disproportionate impact on any group who share protected characteristics. There is however a lot of change happening within the system as outlined above.

The changes are expected to lead to a reduction of the workforce in the region of 220-240 full-time equivalents. Final figures will be subject to consultation and subsequent grading of posts and assimilations within the proposed new structure.

The affected workforce will include a higher proportion of women and detailed analysis will also identify any other protected characteristics within the workforce, for example, age.

As the changes are implemented the impacts will be reviewed and measured against the Outcomes Framework.

2.4 Please indicate the <u>level</u> of negative impact on each of the protected characteristics?

(Please indicate high (H), medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each)

Protected Characteristics:	Impact (H, M, L, N)
Age	L
Disability	L
Gender reassignment	N
Race	L
Religion/Belief	N
Pregnancy and maternity	L
Sexual Orientation	N
Sex	M
Marriage and civil partnership	N
Additional Consideration:	
Low income/low wage	L

2.5 How could the disproportionate negative impacts be mitigated or eliminated? (Note: Legislation and best practice require mitigations to be considered, but need only be put in place if it is possible.)

We used the information collected from our engagement process to determine whether there would be an impact on any of the equality groups. On-going analytical and evaluation work will be undertaken to ensure services are meeting demand and outcomes are being achieved.

In order to improve outcomes for those with the poorest outcomes we will need to target resources. As such, we will not be able to offer the same level of support in all areas.

Families with low incomes in all areas will be identified and offered support. Ethnic minority children and young people tend to be concentrated in the priority wards.

Each of the proposed Prevention and Early Help Teams will be required to develop a Area Needs Assessment and Offer which will outline how the offer is responding to outcomes for children in their area. This will incorporate and publicise the children's centre services to children under 5 and their families. We will continue to track and monitor the activities offered as already undertaken by children's centres. This will allow us to monitor changes and make adjustments to the offer over time.

For children and young people, our proposed One Family, One Worker, One Plan approach should provide support without a succession of interventions from different agencies.

It may be possible that some children and parents in less deprived areas may find it harder to access children's centre services. We will address this by ensuring that there is a range of sites and activities across all areas but these will be increased in targeted areas. We will also maintain strong relationships with childcare and schools in all areas so that vulnerable children and families in all areas can be provided with additional support when needed.

We are proposing continuation of a range of sites, both designated and outreach in all areas. This should allow for flexibility and stepping up support as and when needs indicates.

Close alignment with Youth Services, Places Services and health services will also allow us to adjust services when needs become apparent.

This document will be updated as we undertake more detailed analysis of impact on protected characteristics within the affected workforce.

Section 3: Dependencies from other proposals

3.1 Please consider which other services would need to know about your proposal and the impacts you have identified. Identify below which services you have consulted, and any consequent additional equality impacts that have been identified.

Partners engaged with to date include:

- Children, young people, families, parents, carers
- Education settings
- Health colleagues
- Police
- Public and Voluntary sector
- Community Partners
- Businesses
- Council employees
- Elected members

Information has been uploaded onto the Bradford Council Consultation and Engagement webpage, Local Offer site, Bradford Schools Online.

Information was distributed through Children Centre summer events, Libraries, Better Start Bradford parent events and group sessions organised by the Commissioner for Youth Provision and Police Summer Camps.

A summary of the messages from the engagement period is provided in the Executive report alongside an overview of stakeholders to the formal consultation and methods to be used.

A SEN Improvement Test has been completed.

We need to ensure we formally consult widely, for example, people with English as a second language, LGBT young people and fathers.

Section 4: What evidence you have used?

4.1 What evidence do you hold to back up this assessment?

A Families Needs Assessment has been completed.

This document included considerable analysis which provides a baseline of data covering a breadth of information from demographics, deprivation, maternity, health, education and social services and this analysis will underpin the development of the proposed model.

An overview of the affected workforce is in place. Detailed analysis of impact on the workforce is on-going and this assessment updated as appropriate.

Executive report and appendices discussed at the Council Executive on 11 July 2017 and on 7 November 2017 outline the analysis gathered.

4.2 Do you need further evidence?

An initial engagement on was run from 17 July 2017 to 20 August 2017 when a wide range of stakeholders were consulted. This analysis was reviewed and where necessary changes and amendments were made in light of feedback received. This analysis was fed into the Executive Report which will be discussed at the Council Executive on 7 November 2017. There was broad agreement to the proposed vision, outcomes and messages related to people's views about using and accessing services.

Section 5: Consultation Feedback

5.1 Results from any previous consultations prior to the proposal development.

Over 500 parents were surveyed in summer 2016. We asked for their views on Early Help. Main messages received were:

- One-to-one and group sessions with other parents are helpful;
- We want to be able to talk to someone who will listen to our needs. Get to know us and our children if you are supporting us;
- We really value and need 'hands on and practical support' as well as advice.
 Having a key worker is important as it helps us build a relationship;
- We need advice from people with good knowledge of the people and places where we can receive support in our local communities;
- Getting good advice on managing children's behaviour is really important for us. Easy to access support around behaviour is most helpful before problems become bigger;
- We want support in getting training and better skills;
- We need to know what help is on offer and where we go to get it. Some of us will need extra help to attend groups and services;
- Some services should be available at evenings and weekends for those in work (and don't forget dads);
- We're happy to get help at any time of the day or week, but prefer getting help at home or at a welcoming centre nearby;
- Local venues are important and they should have spaces for private conversations;
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• A single point of contact is important so we don't feel like they have to repeat our story again and again.

5.2 The departmental feedback you provided on the previous consultation (as at 5.1).

The above feedback was incorporated within developments so far and also considered as part of the present proposals.

5.3 Feedback from current consultation following the proposal development (e.g. following approval by Executive for budget consultation).

The Council Executive is meeting on 7 November 2017 to consider the options and a preferred proposal. Following this meeting, and any amendments that are required to be made, a formal consultation period will begin running from 15 November – 12 February 2018.

5.4 Your departmental response to the feedback on the current consultation (as at 5.3) – include any changes made to the proposal as a result of the feedback.

Responses to be provided at the end of the formal consultation – February.

APPENDIX 12 – Summary of consultation stakeholders and interested parties and methods of consultation

Prevention and Early Help – Stakeholder Consultation Plan				
	Purpose	Type / Method	When / Frequency	
Parents and Carers across the District, including Parent and Carer Forums Communities of Interest LGBT New Arrivals Future Parents Gypsy and Travellers Refugee and Homelessness Faith Groups / Leads Inclusion Groups Young carer groups Women's Health Network Reach areas of the top 10 wards (ward officers), clusters)	To ensure wider reach during engagement / consultation / feedback Engage in scoping and design where directly affected	 Focus Groups at Children Centres / Libraries On-line survey Engagement and Consultation Council website Local Offer website Social media (Twitter / Facebook) / Stay Connected / Bradford App Families Information Service Citizen's e-panel Bradford Volunteering Centre New Communities & Travellers 	 Initial engagement 18/07/17 to 20/08/17. Formal consultation from 15/11/17 to 12/02/18 Parents Forum (16/10/17, 29/11/17, 04/01/18, 09/01/18, 15/01/18, 16/01/18) Public drop-in sessions (venues TBC):05/12/17 (am), 12/12/17 (am), 23/01/17 (pm), 08/02/17 (pm) Partner drop-in sessions (venues TBC): 05/12/17 (am), 12/12/17 (am), 23/01/17 (pm), 08/02/17 (pm) 	
Children and Young People (including those with SEND) (LGBT, CYP Survey (Language), Youth Service, PALs, Young People's Support Group)	To ensure wider reach during engagement / consultation / feedback To gather current experience accessing services To engage and consult in scoping and	 Youth Service Focus Groups On-line survey Social media (Twitter / Facebook) / Stay Connected / Bradford App Colleges / University Engagement and Consultation 	 Engagement completed and analysis reviewed. Formal consultation to begin on 15/11/17 to 12/02/18 Model to be confirmed in February 2018 once analysis of feedback has been undertaken. 	
Youth Provision Sessions / Workshop	design where directly / indirectly affected	Council websiteLocal Offer website	Youth workshops (TBC)	

	Purpose	Type / Method	When / Frequency
Elected Members, Local Ward Members, Executive, CMT, DMT Meetings, Area Committee Meetings Overview & Scrutiny, CCG Ward Level Meetings	To support initiation and on-going implementation across services and teams To keep informed of key information / changes and input into recommendations. Endorse and agree proposals.	 Presentations, member briefings and updates Engagement and Consultation Council website Local Offer website Parish and Town Councils CNet 	 CMT on 18/10/17 CMT/Pre-Exec on 24/10/17 Council Executive on 07/11/17 Keighley Area Committee – 14/12/17 Shipley Area Committee – 13/12/17 East Area Committee – 11/01/18 South Area Committee – 30/11/17 West Area Committee – 29/112017 Overview & Scrutiny – (17/01/18) Member drop-in sessions (venues TBC): 28/11/17, 12/12/17, 15/01/17, 01/02/17 Town and Parish Council Mtg – 14/12/17
Key Partnership Groups	To support initiation and on-going implementation across services and teams To keep informed of key information / changes and input into recommendations. Endorse and agree proposals.	 Presentations, briefings and updates Engagement and Consultation Council website Local Offer website 	 Accountable Care Board – TBC Safeguarding Board – (13/12/17) Children's Trust Board – (15/12/2017) YOT Board – TBC Self-Care Programme Board – TBC Early Help Board – TBC BDP – 07/12/17 Health and Wellbeing Board – TBC SEND Strategic Partnership – ASB (TBC) Integrated Early Years Strategy Group (12/12/17)

Partnership Domestic Violence Group Better Start Bradford Board Maternity Programme Board			Better Start Bradford Board (TBC)
Voluntary Sector, Young Lives Health and Wellbeing Forum Private and Independent Sector	To support initiation and on-going implementation across key services and teams To keep informed of key information / changes and input into recommendations	 Weekly briefings and newsletters 'One off' newsletter for P&EH Survey Engagement and Consultation Council website Social media (Twitter / Facebook / Stay Connected / Bradford App) 	Young Lives Forum sessions (28/11/17 and 29/11/17)
National Organisations DfE GP Alliance Ofsted National Charities	To keep informed of key information / changes and input into recommendations	 On-line survey Social media (Twitter / Facebook) / Stay Connected / Bradford App Engagement and Consultation Council website Local Offer website 	 Maternity Programme Board – TBC GP Alliance – TBC Practice Managers - TBC
 ▶ LA Early Help Panels Police Health Visiting and School Nursing VCS Children's Centres clusters Nursery Schools Care Trust - CAHMS, Child Development Centres 	To engage in scoping and design when directly affected. To keep informed of key information / changes and input into recommendations To deliver changes in practice on the ground	 Web-based and newsletter updates Updates through Management and staff meetings. Drop-in sessions and briefings with those teams directly affected. CMT Messages BradNet Online survey Social media (Twitter / Facebook) / Stay Connected / Bradford App Departmental Consultation Leads Training and workforce development to targeted teams Engagement and Consultation Council website 	 Initial briefings to affected staff and colleagues on 30 October 2017 (venue to be confirmed). Drop-in sessions for internal staff (venue TBC): 13/12/17, 14/12/17, 30/01/17, 01/02/17 Early Help Panels West / Lister Lane – 22/11/17 Airedale/Wharfedale – 19/01/18 Keighley – 23/11/17 Others TBC

Trade Unions	To keep informed of key information / changes and input into recommendations To consult under Managing Workforce Change as and when required	 Local Offer website Departmental Consultation Leads (see service list) Briefing through OJC Level 3 in the first instance Regular monthly meetings with Unions to update on developments throughout programme. Consultation under Workforce Changes as and when required Engagement and Consultation Council website Local Offer website 	OJC Level 3 on 05/10/17 Fortnightly OJC Level 3 meetings to be scheduled (dates to be confirmed)
All staff from Nurseries, Primary and Secondary Schools, Academies, Supplementary Schools, MATs, Covernors Letter to be issued to schools w/c 30 October 2017	To keep informed of key information / changes and input into recommendations through an engagement and consultation period. To engage and consult in scoping and design where directly / indirectly affected	 Updates provided through the Headteacher briefings Bradford Schools Online Online survey Social media (Twitter / Facebook) / Stay Connected / Bradford App Engagement and Consultation Council website Local Offer website 	 Initial engagement 18/07/17 – 20/08/17) Formal consultation from 15/11/17 to 12/02/18 Headteacher, Governors & other key briefings (21 and 27 November 2017) – EH Cluster Managers – pastoral leads/CAF Leads BPIP Meeting - TBC



Report of the Chair of Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee to the meeting of the Committee to be held on Wednesday 17 January 2018

Ζ

Subject:

Subject: Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee Work Programme 2017-18

Summary statement:

This report presents the Committee's Work Programme 2017-18

Cllr Dale Smith
Chair – Children's Services O&S
Committee

Report Contact: Licia Woodhead Overview and Scrutiny Lead

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Portfolio: Education, Employment and Skills Health & Well Being

1. SUMMARY

1.1 This report presents the Committee's Work Programme 2017-18.

2. BACKGROUND

2.1 Each Overview and Scrutiny Committee is required by the Constitution of the Council to prepare a work programme (Part 3E – Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules, Para 1.1).

3. REPORT ISSUES

3.1 **Appendix 1** of this report presents the Work Programme 2017-18.

3.2 Work planning cycle

Best practice published by the Centre for Public Scrutiny suggests that 'work programming should be a continuous process'. It is important to regularly review work programmes so that important or urgent issues that come up during the year are able to be scrutinised. In addition, at a time of limited resources, it should also be possible to remove projects which have become less relevant or timely. For this reason, it is proposed that the Committee's work programme be regularly reviewed by Members throughout the municipal year.

Members may wish to amend the current work programme (Appendix 1) and / or comment on the proposed work planning cycle set out above.

4. FINANCIAL & RESOURCE APPRAISAL

None

5. RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE ISSUES None

LEGAL APPRAISAL

None

6.

7. NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS

None

8. RECOMMENDATIONS

8.1 That the Work Programme continues to be regularly reviewed during the year.

9. APPENDICES

9.1 Appendix 1 – Children's Services Overview and Scrutiny Committee Work Programme 2017-18

Democratic Services - Overview and Scrutiny

Childrens Services O&S Committee

Scrutiny Lead: Licia Woodhead tel - 43 2119

Agenda

Work Programme 2017/18	
Description	

Report

_	ednesday, 14th February 2018 at City Hall, Bradford.	Description	Report
Ch	air's briefing 29/01/2018. Report deadline 01/02/2018.		
1) Youth Voice	The Committee will receive a presentation from young people on how they feel their involvement in reports and meetings may be improved	Heather Wilson
2) Neglect	The Committee will receive a report on neglect	Jenny Cryer
) Children's Centres	The Committee will receive a progress report on Children's Centres including clarification of the relationship with health and midwifery.	Judith Kirk
4) Education Standards and school to school partnerships	The Committee will receive a report on the validated data.	Judith Kirk
5) SEND Transformation 0-25	The Committee will receive a report on the proposals relating to Special Educational Needs and Disability	Judith Kirk / Maureen Braden
6) Children's Services O&S Committee Work Programme	The Committee will consider its work programme and make changes as necessary.	Licia Woodhead
	ednesday, 14th March 2018 at City Hall, Bradford. air's briefing 27/02/2018. Report deadline 01/03/2018.		
) Workloads of Children's Social Care Services	The Committee will receive a report on the work of Children's Social Care Services, including information relating to the Service's key performance indicators.	Jim Hopkinson
-2) Children's Safeguarding Board Annual report		Jenny Cryer
) B Positive Pathways	The Committee will receive a report on the B Positive Pathways	Jim Hopkinson
4) SEND review update	The Committee will receive an update report on the Special Education Needs Review	Judith Kirk
5) Opportunity Area	The Committee will receive a report on the DfE Education Opportunity Fund.	Michael Jameson
	ednesday, 11th April 2018 at City Hall, Bradford. air's briefing 26/03/2018. Report deadline 27/03/2018.		
) Schools Forum	The Committee will receive an update report on the work of the Schools Forum.	Andrew Redding
2) Capital allocations and school expansion programme 2018-19	The Committee will receive an update report on Capital Allocations and the School Expansion Programme.	Ian Smart

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Childrens Services O&S Committee

Scrutiny Lead: Licia Woodhead tel - 43 2119

Work Programme 2017/18

Agenda Wednesday, 11th April 2018 at City Hall, Bradford. Chair's briefing 26/03/2018. Report deadline 27/03/2018.

3) Fostering review update

 Children's Services O&S Committee Resolution Tracking report

Description

The Committee will receive an update report on the review of the Fostering service.

The Committee will receive a report detailing the outcomes of resolutions made during the 2017-18 municipal year.

Report

Jim Hopkinson

Licia Woodhead

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